

Tauba (Repentance) or Baraa'at (Immunity)

- A (declaration) of immunity from Allah and His Apostle, to those of the Pagans with whom you have contracted mutual alliances:-
- You go, then, for four months, backwards and forwards, (as you will), throughout the land, but know that you cannot frustrate Allah (by your falsehood) but that Allah will cover with shame those who reject Him.
- And an announcement from Allah and His Apostle, to the people (assembled) on the day of the Great Pilgrimage, - that Allah and His Apostle dissolve (treaty) obligations with the Pagans. If then, you repent, it were best for you; but if you turn away, you (should) know that you cannot frustrate Allah. And proclaim a grievous Chastisement to those who reject Faith.
- (But the treaties are) not dissolved with those Pagans with whom you have entered into alliance and who have not subsequently failed you in any thing, nor aided any one against you. So fulfil your agreements with them to the end of their term: for Allah loves the righteous.
- But when the forbidden months are past, then fight and slay the Pagans wherever you find them, and seize them, beleaguer them, and lie in wait for them in every strategem (of war); but if they repent, and establish regular prayers and practise regular charity, then open the way for them: for Allah is Oft-forgiving, Most Merciful.
- If one amongst the Pagans ask you for asylum, grant it to him, so that he may hear the Word of Allah; and then escort him to where he can be secure. This is because they are men without knowledge.

AT-TAUBAH-9

- Baraaa'atum-minal-laahi wa Rasoolihee ilal-lazeena 'aahattum-minal-mushrikeen.
- Faseehoo fil-ardi arba'ata ashhuriin-wa'lamooo annakum ghayru mu'jizil-laahi wa annalaaha mukhzil-kaafireen.
- Wa azaanum-minal-laahi wa Rasoolihee ilan-naasi yawmal-Hajjal-Akbari annalaaha baree'u um-minal-mushrikeena wa Rasooluh; fa-in tubut fahuwa khayrullakum wa in tawallaytum fa'lamooo annakum ghayru mu'jizil-laah; wa bashshiril-lazeena kafaroo bi-'azaabin aleem.
- Illal-lazeena 'aahattum minal-mushrikeena summa lam yanqusookum shay'añw-wa lam yuzahahiro 'alaykum ahadna fa-atimmo ilayhim 'ahdahum ilaa muddatihim; innal-laaha yuhibbul-muttaqeen.
- Fa-iżansalakhal Ash-hurul Ḥurumu fa-tulul-mushrikeena ḥayṣu wajattumoo hum wa khuzoohum wāḥṣuroohum waq'udoohum kulla marṣad fa-in taaboo wa aqamu Salaata wa aatawuz-Zakaata fakhalloo sabeeluhum; innalaaha Ghafuur-Raheem.
- Wa in ahadum-minal-mushrikeen-as-tajaaraka fa-ajirhu ḥattaa yasma'a Kalāmal-laahi summa al-lighhu mananah; zaalika bi-annahum qawmul-laa ya'lamoona.

(٤٠) سُورَةُ التَّوْبَةِ مَدْيَرَةٌ

بِرَاءَةٌ مِّنَ اللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ إِلَى الَّذِينَ
عَاهَدْتُمُوهُمْ مِّنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ ۝
فَسِيَحُونَ فِي الْأَرْضِ أَرْبَعَةَ أَشْهُرٍ
وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّمَا كُلُّ عَيْرٍ مُّعْجِزٍ لِّلَّهِ
وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ مُحِيطٌ بِالْكُفَّارِ ۝
وَإِذَانٌ مِّنَ اللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ إِلَى التَّائِبِ
يُؤْمِنُ الْحَجَّ الْأَكْبَرُ أَنَّ اللَّهَ بَرِئٌ
مِّنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ هُوَ رَسُولُهُ فَإِنَّ
تُنْهِمُ فَهُوَ خَيْرٌ لَّكُمْ وَإِنْ تَعْلِمُمْ
فَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّكُمْ غَيْرُ مُعْجِزِي اللَّهِ
وَلَشَرِّ النَّاسِ كَذَّوْا وَعَنَّ أَبَابِ الْبَيْمِ
إِلَّا الَّذِينَ عَاهَدْتُمُوهُمْ مِّنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ
ثُمَّ لَمْ يَنْقُصُوكُمْ شَيْئًا وَلَمْ
يُظَاهِرُوْا عَلَيْكُمْ أَحَدًا فَاتَّمُوا إِلَيْهِمْ
عَهْدَهُمْ إِلَّا مُدَّرِّجُهُمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ
يُحِبُّ الْمُتَّقِينَ ۝
فَإِذَا اسْلَكَ الْأَشْهُرُ الْحُرُمُ فَاقْتُلُوا
الْمُشْرِكِينَ حَيْثُ وَجَدُوكُمْ
وَحَذِّرُهُمْ وَاحْصِرُهُمْ وَاقْعُدُوهُمْ
كُلُّ حَرَصٍ فَإِنْ تَأْبُوا وَأَقَامُوا
الضَّلَالَةَ وَأَتُوا الزَّكُوْنَةَ فَخُلُوْنَ
سَيِّئَاتِهِمْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ۝
وَلَكُمْ أَحَدٌ مِّنَ الْمُشْرِكِينَ اسْتَجَارَكُمْ
فَاجْرِهُ حَتَّى يَسْمَعَ كَلْمَةَ اللَّهِ
أَبْلَغُهُ مَا مَنَّهُ ذَلِكَ بِإِنْهُمْ
قَوْمٌ لَا يَعْلَمُونَ ۝

7. How can there be a league, before Allah and His Apostle, with the Pagans, except those with whom you made a treaty near the Sacred Mosque? As long as these stand true to you, you stand true to them: for Allah loves the righteous.

8. How (can there be such a league), seeing that if they get an advantage over you, they do not respect in you the ties either of kinship or of covenant? With (fair words from) their mouths they please you, but their hearts are averse from you; and most of them are rebellious and wicked.

9. They have sold the Signs of Allah for a miserable price, and (many) have they hindered from His Way: evil indeed are the deeds they have done.

10. In a Believer they do not respect the ties either of kinship or of covenant! It is they who have transgressed all bounds.

11. But (even so), if they repent, establish regular prayers, and practise regular charity,- then they are your brethren in Faith: (thus) do We explain the Signs in detail, for those who understand.

12. But if they violate their oaths after their covenant, and taunt you for your Faith,- you fight the chiefs of Unfaith: for their oaths are nothing to them: that thus they may be restrained.

13. Will you not fight people who violated their oaths, plotted to expel the Apostle, and took the aggressive by being the first (to assault) you? Do you fear them? Nay, it is Allah Whom you should more justly fear, if you believe!

7. Kayfa yakoonu lilmushrikeena 'ahdun 'indallaahi wa 'inda Rasoolihhee illal-lazeena 'aahattum 'indal-Masjidil-Haraami famas-taqqaamoo lakum fastaqueemoo lahum; inmallaaha yuhibbul-muttaqeen.

8. Kayfa wa iñy-yazharoo 'alaykum laa yarquboo feekum illañw-wa laa zimmah; yurdoonakum bi-afwaahihim wa ta-baa quloobuhum wa aksaruhum faasiqoon.

9. Ishtaraw bi-Aayaatil-laahi saman qaleelan faşaddoo an sabeeilih; innahum saaa'a maa kaanoo ya'maloon.

10. Laa yarquboona fee mu'minin illañw-wa laa zimmah; wa ulaaa'ika humul mu'tadoon.

11. Fa-in taaboo wa aqamuş-Şalata wa aatawuz-Zakaata fa-ikhwaanukum fid-deen; wa nufaşilul-Aayaati liqawmiñ-ya'lamoon.

12. Wa in nakasooo aymaanahum mim ba'di-'ahdihim wa ta'anoo fee deenikum faqaatilooy a'immatul-kufri innahum laaa aymaanahum lahum la'allahum yantahoona.

13. Alaa tuqaatiloona qawman nakasooo aymaanahum wa hammo bi-ikhraajir-Rasooli wa hum bada'ookum awwala marrah; atakhshawnahum; fallaahu ahaqqu an takhshawhu in kuntum mu'mineen.

كَيْفَ يَكُونُ لِمُشْرِكِينَ عَهْدٌ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَعِنْدَ رَسُولِهِ إِلَّا الَّذِينَ عَاهَدُوكُمْ عِنْدَ الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامِ فَمَا اسْتَقْلَمْتُمُوا لَكُمْ فَإِنْ تَقْتِلُمُوهُمْ بِهِمْ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ يُحِبُّ الْمُتَّقِينَ كَيْفَ وَلَانْ يَكُظُّرُوا عَلَيْكُمْ لَا يَرْقُبُوا فِيهِمْ إِلَّا ذَمَّةٌ يُرْضُونَكُمْ بِأَفْوَاهِهِمْ وَتَأْبِيَةٌ قُلُوبُهُمْ وَأَلْرَهُمْ فِسْقُونَ إِشْتَرُوا بِأَيْمَانِ اللَّهِ ثَمَنًا قَلِيلًا فَصَدَّوْا عَنْ سَبِيلِهِ إِنَّهُمْ سَاءَ مَا كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ لَا يَرْقُبُونَ فِي مُؤْمِنِينَ لَا لَوْلَكَ ذَمَّةٌ وَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْمُعْتَدُونَ

فَإِنْ تَابُوا وَأَقَامُوا الصَّلَاةَ وَآتَوْا الزَّكُوْنَةَ فَإِخْوَانُكُمْ فِي الدِّينِ وَنَفَصُّلُ الْأَيْتَ لِقَوْمٍ يَعْلَمُونَ وَإِنْ شَكُّوا أَيْمَانَهُمْ فَمِنْ بَعْدِ عَهْدِهِمْ وَطَعَنُوا فِي دِينِكُمْ فَقَاتَلُوا أَيْمَانَ الْكُفَّارِ إِنَّمَا كَأْيَمَانَ لَهُمْ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَنْتَهُونَ لَا تُقْتَلُوْنَ قَوْمًا شَكُّوا أَيْمَانَهُمْ وَهُمْ بِهِمْ بَأْخَرَاجِ الرَّسُولِ وَهُمْ بِالْأَعْوَادِ وَكُمْ أَوْلَ مَرَّةً أَتَخْشُونَهُمْ فَاللَّهُ أَحَقُّ أَنْ تَخْشُوْهُ إِنْ كُنْتُمْ مُؤْمِنِينَ

14. Fight them, and Allah will punish them by your hands, cover them with shame, help you (to victory) over them, heal the breasts of Believers,

15. And still the indignation of their hearts. For Allah will turn (in mercy) to whom He will; and Allah is All-Knowing, All-Wise.

16. Or do you think that you shall be abandoned, as though Allah did not know those among you who strive with might and main, and take none for friends and protectors except Allah, His Apostle, and the (community of) Believers? But Allah is well-acquainted with (all) that you do.

17. It is not for such as join gods with Allah, to visit or maintain the mosques of Allah while they witness against their own souls to infidelity. The works of such bear no fruit: In Fire shall they dwell.

18. The mosques of Allah shall be visited and maintained by such as believe in Allah and the Last Day, establish regular prayers, and practise regular charity, and fear none (at all) except Allah. It is they who are expected to be on true guidance.

19. Do you make the giving of drink to pilgrims, or the maintenance of the Sacred Mosque, equal to (the pious service of) those who believe in Allah and the Last Day, and strive with might and main in the cause of Allah? They are not comparable in the sight of Allah: and Allah does not guide those who do wrong.

14. Qaataloohum yu'az-zib-hum-laaah bi-aydeekum wa yukhzihim wa yansurukum 'alayhim wa yashfi sudoora qawmim mu'mineen.

15. Wa yuzhib ghayza quloo-bihim; wa yatoobullaahu 'ala mañ-yashaaa'; wallaahu 'Aleemun Hakeem.

16. Am hasibtum an tutrakoo wa lammaa ya'lamil-laahul-lazeena jaahadoo minkum wa lam yattakhizoo min doonil-laahi wa laa Rasoolihee wa lalmu'mineena waleejah; wallaahu-khabeerum bimaa ta'maloon.

17. Maa kaana lilmushrikeena aña-ya'muroo masaa-jidal-laahi shaahideena 'alaaa anfusihim bilkufr; ulaaa'ika haabitat a'maaluhum wa fin-Naari hum khaalidoon.

18. Innamaa ya'muru masaa-jidal-laahi man aamana billaahi wal-Yawmil-Aakhiri wa aqaa-mas-Shalaata wa aataaz-Zakaata wa lam yakhsha illal-laaha fa'asaaa ulaaa'ika aña-yakoonoo minal-muhtadeen.

19. Aja'altum siqaayatal-haaajji wa 'imaaratul-Masjidil-Haraami kaman aamana billaahi wal-Yawmil-Aakhiri wa jaahada fee sabee'l-laah; laa yastawona 'indal-laah; wallaahu laa yahdil-qawma-zaalimeen.

قَاتُلُوهُمْ يُعَذَّبُهُمُ اللَّهُ بِأَيْدِيهِنَّ
وَيُخْزِهِمْ وَيَنْصُرُكُمْ عَلَيْهِمْ
وَيَشْفُ صُدُورَ قَوْمٍ مُّؤْمِنِينَ ⑩

وَيَدْهُبُ غَيْظًا قُلُوبَهُمْ وَيَتُوبُ
اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ مَنْ يَشَاءُ ۚ وَاللَّهُ
عَلَيْهِ حِكْمَةٌ ⑪

أَمْ حَسِبْتُمْ أَنْ تُنْزَكُوا وَلَا
يَعْلَمُ اللَّهُ الَّذِينَ جَهَدُوا مِنْكُمْ
وَلَمْ يَتَّخِذُوا صُنْ دُونَ اللَّهِ وَلَا
رَسُولِهِ وَلَا الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَلِيَجْهَهُ
وَاللَّهُ خَيْرٌ مَا تَعْمَلُونَ ⑫

مَا كَانَ لِلْمُشْرِكِينَ أَنْ يَعْرُوا
مَسْجِدَ اللَّهِ شَهِيدِينَ عَلَىٰ أَفْسُوسِهِمْ
إِلَّا كُفَّارُ أُولَئِكَ حَيْطَتْ أَعْيُّهُمْ
وَفِي الصَّارِفِ هُمْ خَلِدُونَ ⑬

إِنَّمَا يَعْمَلُ مَسْجِدَ اللَّهِ مَنْ مَنَّ
بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ وَأَقَامَ الصَّلَاةَ
وَأَنَّ الرِّزْكَةَ وَلَمْ يَخْشَ إِلَّا
اللَّهُ فَقَعَسَ أُولَئِكَ أَنْ يَكُونُوا
مِنَ الْمُهْتَدِينَ ⑭

أَجَعَلْتُمْ سَقَايَةَ الْحَاجَةِ وَعِمَارَةَ
الْمَسْجِدِ الْحَرَامَ كَمَنْ أَمَنَ بِاللَّهِ
وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ وَجَهَدَ فِي سَبِيلِ
اللَّهِ وَلَا يَسْتَوْنَ عَنْهُ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ
لَا يَهْدِي الْقَوْمَ الظَّلَمِينَ ⑮

20. Those who believe, and suffer exile and strive with might and main, in Allah's cause, with their goods and their persons, have the highest rank in the sight of Allah: they are the people who will achieve (salvation).

21. Their Lord gives them glad tidings of a Mercy from Himself, of His good pleasure, and of Gardens for them, wherein are delights that endure:

22. They will dwell therein for ever. Verily in Allah's presence is a reward, the greatest (of all).

23. O you who believe! Do not take for protectors your fathers and your brothers if they love infidelity above Faith: if any of you do so, they do wrong.

24. Say: If it be that your fathers, your sons, your brothers, your mates, or your kindred; the wealth that you have gained; the commerce in which you fear a decline: or the dwellings in which you delight - are dearer to you than Allah, or His Apostle, or the striving in His cause;- then wait until Allah brings about His Decision: and Allah does not guide the rebellious.

25. Assuredly Allah did help you in many battle-fields and on the day of Hunain: behold! your great numbers elated you, but they availed you nothing: the land, for all that it is wide,

20. Allazeena aamanoo wa haajaroo wa jaahadoo fee sabeeil-laahi bi-amwaalihim wa anfusihim a'zamu darajatan 'indal-laah; wa ulaa'i ka humul-faaa'izoon.

21. Yubashshiruhum Rabbuhum birahmatim-minhu wa riwaanij-wa Jannaatil-lahum feehaa na'eemum-muqeem.

22. Khaalideena feehaaa abadaa'; innal-laaha 'indaahoo alrun 'azeem.

23. Yaaa ayyuhal-lazeena aamanoo laa tattakhizooo aabaaa'-akum wa ikhwaanakum awliyaaa'a inis-tahabbul-kufra 'alal-eemaan; wa manyata-wallahum minkum fa-ulaa'i ka humuz-zaalimoon.

24. Qul in kaana aaba-aa'ukum wa abnaaa'ukum wa ikhwaanukum wa azwaajukum wa 'asheeratukum wa amwal-un-tarafatumohaa wa tijaaratun takhshawna kasaadahaa wa masaakinu tarqawnahaaa ahbabba ilaykum minal-laahi wa Rasoolihee wa Jihaadin fee Sabeeлиhee fatarabbaa'oo hattaa ya-tiyallaahu bi-amrih; wallaahu laa yahdil-qawmal-faasiqeen.

25. Laqad našarakumul-laahu fee mawaatiina kaſeeriatiñ-wa yawma Hunayniz a'jabatkum kaſratukum falam tughni 'ankum shay'añ-wa dqaqat 'alaykumul-arḍu bimaa

الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا وَهَاجَرُوا وَجَهَدُوا
فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ يَا مَوَالِيهِمْ وَأَنْفُسِهِمْ
أَعْظَمُ دَرْجَةً عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَأُولَئِكَ
هُمُ الْفَارِزُونَ ⑥

يُبَشِّرُهُمْ رَبُّهُمْ بِرَحْمَةٍ قَنْدَةٌ
وَرِضْوَانٍ وَجَنَّتٍ لَهُمْ فِيهَا
لَعِيدَهُمْ مُقْتَيْمٌ ⑦
خَلِدِيَّنَ فِيهَا أَبَدًا لَا إِنَّ اللَّهَ
عِنْدَهُ أَجْرٌ عَظِيمٌ ⑧

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا لَا تَتَنَحَّدُوا
إِبَاءَكُمْ وَإِخْوَانَكُمْ أَوْلَيَاءُ إِنَّ
اسْتَحْيُوا الْكُفَّارَ عَلَى الْإِيمَانِ
وَمَنْ يَتُوَلَّهُمْ فَنْدَكُمْ فَأُولَئِكَ
هُمُ الظَّالِمُونَ ⑨

قُلْ إِنْ كَانَ أَبَاؤُكُمْ وَأَبْنَاؤُكُمْ
وَإِخْوَانُكُمْ وَأَزْوَاجُكُمْ وَعَشِيرَتُكُمْ
وَآمْوَالُ أَقْرَبَتُمُوهَا وَتِجَارَةُ
تَخْشَوْنَ كَسَادَهَا وَمَسْكُنُ
تَرْضُوْنَهَا أَحَبَّ إِلَيْكُمْ مِنَ اللَّهِ وَ
رَسُولِهِ وَجَهَادٍ فِي سَبِيلِهِ فَتَرَبَّصُوا
حَتَّىٰ يَأْتِيَنَّهُمْ بِأَمْرِهِ ۚ وَاللَّهُ
لَا يَهِدِّي الْقَوْمَ الْفَسِيقِينَ ⑩
لَقَدْ نَصَرَكُمُ اللَّهُ فِي مَوَاطِنَ
كَثِيرَةٍ ۖ يَوْمَ حُنَيْنٍ إِذَا عَجَّبْتُمْ
كَثُرَكُمْ فَلَمْ تُغْنِ عَنْكُمْ شَيْئًا
وَضَاقَتْ عَلَيْكُمُ الْأَرْضُ إِمَّا

did constrain you, and you turned back in retreat.

26. But Allah poured His calm on the Apostle and on the Believers, and sent down forces which you did not see: He punished the Unbelievers; thus does He reward those without Faith.

27. Again will Allah, after this, turn (in mercy) to whom He will: for Allah is Oft-forgiving, Most Merciful.

28. O you who believe! Truly the Pagans are unclean; so let them not, after this year of theirs, approach the Sacred Mosque. And if you fear poverty, soon will Allah enrich you, if He wills, out of His bounty, for Allah is All-Knowing, All-Wise.

29. Fight those who do not believe in Allah nor the Last Day, nor hold that forbidden which has been forbidden by Allah and His Apostle, nor acknowledge the Religion of Truth, (even if they are) of the People of the Book, until they pay the Jizya with willing submission, and feel themselves subdued.

30. The Jews call 'Uzair a son of Allah, and the Christians call Christ the son of Allah. That is a saying from their mouth; (in this) they but imitate what the Unbelievers of old used to say. Allah's curse be on them: how they are deluded away from the Truth!

31. They take their priests and their anchorites to be their lords in derogation of Allah, and (they take as their Lord) Christ the son of

rahubat summa wallaytum
mudbireen.

26. Summa anzalal-laahu sakeenataahoo 'ala Rasoolihee wa 'alalmu'mineena wa anzala junoodal-lam tarawhaa wa 'azzabal-lazeena kafaroo; wa zaalika jaza'ul-kaafireen.

27. Summa yatoobul-laahu mim ba'di zaalika 'ala manyashaa'; wallahu Ghafoorur-Raheem.

28. Yaaa ayyuhal-lazeena aamanooo innamal-mushrikoona najasun falaa yaqrabul-Masjidal-Haraama ba'da 'aamihim haazaa; wa in khiftum 'aylatan fasawfa yughneekumul-laahu min faḍlihee in shaaa'; innallaaha 'Aleemun Hakeem.

29. Qaatilul-lazeena laa yu'minoona billaahi wa laa bil-Yawmil-Aakhiri wa laa yuḥarrimoona maa ḥarammal-laahu wa Rasooluhoo wa laa yadeenoona deenah-qaqi min al-lazeena ootul-Kitaaba hattaa yu'tul-jizyata 'anya-yadiñw-wa hum saaghiroon.

30. Wa qaatalil-Yahoodi 'Uzayruni-nul-laahi wa qaaltatin-Nasaaral-Maseehu-nul-laah; zaalika qawlhum bi-aafwaahihim yudaahi'oon qawl-lazeena kafaroo min qabl; qaatalahumul-laah; annaa yu'fakoon.

31. Ittakhzooo ahbaarahum wa ruhbaanahum arbaabammin doonil-laahi wal-Maseehu-na-

رَحِبَتْ شَمَّ وَلَيَنْتَمْ مُدْبِرِينَ ۝

شَمَّ أَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ سَكِينَتَهُ عَلَى سُولِهِ

وَعَلَى الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَأَنْزَلَ جُنُودًا

لَئِنْ تَرُوهَا وَعَذَابَ الظَّيْنَ كَفُرٌ وَّ

وَذَلِكَ حَرَاءُ الْكُفَّارِينَ ۝

شَمَّ يَتُوبُ اللَّهُ مِنْ بَعْدِ ذَلِكَ عَلَى

مَنْ يَشَاءُ وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ۝

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا إِذَا مُسْكِرُونَ

نَجْسٌ فَلَا يَقْرَبُوا الْمَسْجِدَ الْحَرَامَ

بَعْدَ عَامِهِمْ هَذَا وَإِنْ خَفْتُمْ

عَيْلَكُلَّ فَسَوْفَ يُغْنِيَكُمُ اللَّهُ مِنْ

فَضْلِهِ إِنْ شَاءَ طَارَ اللَّهُ عَلَى

عَلِيهِمْ حَكِيمٌ ۝

قَاتَلُوا الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ

وَلَا بِالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ وَلَا يُحِرِّمُونَ

مَحَرَّمَ اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ وَلَا يَدِينُونَ

دِينَ الْحَقِّ مِنَ الَّذِينَ أُوتُوا الْكِتَابَ

حَتَّىٰ يُعْطُوا الْحِزْبَةَ عَنْ يَدِهِ وَ

هُمْ صَفَرُونَ ۝

وَقَاتَلَتِ الْيَهُودُ عُزْيِّرٌ ابْنُ اللَّهِ

وَقَاتَلَتِ الظَّرَبَتِ الْمَسِيحَ ابْنُ اللَّهِ

ذِلِّيَّ قَوْلُهُمْ بِإِفْوَاهِهِمْ يُصَدِّهُونَ

قَوْلُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا مِنْ قَبْلِهِ

قَنَاكُهُمُ اللَّهُ أَنْ يُؤْفِكُونَ ۝

إِتَّهَذُوا أَحْبَارُهُمْ وَرُهْبَانُهُمْ

أَرْبَابًا صَنْ دُونَ اللَّهِ وَالْمَسِيحَ ابْنَ

Mary; yet they were commanded to worship but One God (Allah): there is no god but He. Praise and glory to Him: (far is He) from having the partners they associate (with Him).

32. Fain would they extinguish Allah's light with their mouths, but Allah will not allow but that His Light should be perfected, even though the Unbelievers may detest (it).

33. It is He Who has sent His Apostle with Guidance and the Religion of Truth, to proclaim it over all religion, even though the Pagans may detest (it).

34. O you who believe! there are indeed many among the priests and anchorites, who in falsehood devour the substance of men and hinder (them) from the Way of Allah. And there are those who bury gold and silver and do not spend it in the Way of Allah: announce to them a most grievous Chastisement-

35. On the Day when heat will be produced out of that (wealth) in the fire of Hell, and with it will be branded their foreheads, their flanks, and their backs—"This is the (treasure) which you buried for yourselves: you then taste the (treasures) you buried!"

36. The number of months in the sight of Allah is twelve (in a year)- so ordained by Him the day He created the heavens and the earth; of them four are sacred: that is the straight usage. So do not wrong yourselves therein,

Maryama wa maaa umirooo illaa liya'budoon Ilaahañw-Waahidan laaa ilaaha illaa Hoo; Subhaanahoo ammaa yushrikoon.

32. Yureedoona any-yuifi'oo nooral-laahi bi-afwaahihim wa ya-ballahu illaaa any-yutimma noorahoo wa law karihal-kaafiroon.

33. Huwal-lazeee ar-sala Rasoolahoo bilhudaan wa deenil-haqqi liyuzhirahoo 'alad-deeni kullihee wa law karihal-mushrikoon.

34. Yaaa ayyuhal-lazeena aamanooo inna kaseerammin al-hbaari warruhbaani layakuloona amwaalan-naasi bilbaatili wa yaşuddoona an sabeeel-lahah; wallazeena yaknizoonaz-zahaba walfiqdata wa laa yunfiqoonahaa fee sabeeel-laahi fabashshirhum bi'azaabin aleem.

35. Yawma yuḥmaa 'alayhaa fee Naari Jannahama fatukwaa bihaa jibaahum wa junoo-buhum wa zuhooruhum ḫadda ma'kazrūm لا نَفِسٌ كُمْ فَذَوْقُوا مَا كُنْتُمْ شَكْنُزُونَ

36. Inna iddatash-shuhoori 'indal-laahis-naa 'ashara shahrān fee Kitaabil-laahi yawma khalaqas-samaawaati wal-arda minhaaa arba'atun ḥurum: zaalikad-deenul-qayyim; falaa tażlimoo feehinna anfusakum;

مَرِيمَ وَمَمَّا أَمْرَوْا إِلَّا لَيَعْبُدُوا
إِلَهًا وَاحِدًا لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ
سُبْحَانَهُ عَمَّا يُشَرِّكُونَ

يُرِيدُونَ أَنْ يُطْفِئُوا نُورَ اللَّهِ
يَا فَوَاهِمُ وَيَأْبَى إِلَهٌ إِلَّا أَنْ
يُتَمَّ نُورَهُ وَلَوْكَرَةُ الْكُفَّارُونَ

هُوَ الَّذِي أَرْسَلَ رَسُولَهُ بِالْهُدَىٰ
وَدِينُ الْحَقِّ لِيُظْهِرَهُ عَلَى الْدِينِ
كُلُّهُ وَلَوْكَرَةُ الْمُشَرِّكُونَ

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا إِنَّ كَثِيرًا
مِّنَ الْأَحْبَارِ وَالرُّهْبَانِ لَيَأْكُلُونَ
أَمْوَالَ النَّاسِ بِالْبَاطِلِ وَيَصْدُونَ
عَنْ سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَالَّذِينَ يَكْنِزُونَ
الْذَّهَبَ وَالْفِضَّةَ وَلَا يُنْفِقُونَهَا
فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ وَفَبَشِّرُهُمْ
بِعَدَابِ الْلَّيْمِ

يَوْمَ يُحْلَى عَلَيْهَا فِي تَارِيخِهِمْ
فَتَكُوئِي بِهَا جِبَاهُهُمْ وَجُنُوبُهُمْ
وَظَهُورُهُمْ هَذَا مَا كَتَرْتُمْ
لَا نَفِسٌ كُمْ فَذَوْقُوا مَا كُنْتُمْ
شَكْنُزُونَ

إِنَّ عِدَّةَ الشَّهُورِ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ اثْنَا
عَشَرَ شَهْرًا فِي كِتَابِ اللَّهِ يَوْمَ
خَلَقَ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضَ مِنْهَا
أَرْبَعَةَ حُرُمَاتٍ ذَلِكَ الَّذِينَ الْقَيْمُونَ
فَلَا تَظْلِمُوا فِيهِنَّ أَنفُسَكُمْ

and fight the Pagans all together as they fight you all together. But know that Allah is with those who restrain themselves.

37. Verily the transposing (of a prohibited month) is an addition to Unbelief: the Unbelievers are led to wrong thereby: for they make it lawful one year, and forbidden another year, in order to adjust the number of months forbidden by Allah and make such forbidden ones lawful. The evil of their course seems pleasing to them. But Allah does not guide those who reject Faith.

38. O you who believe! what is the matter with you, that, when you are asked to go forth in the Cause of Allah, you cling heavily to the earth? Do you prefer the life of this world to the Hereafter? But little is the comfort of this life, as compared with the Hereafter.

39. Unless you go forth, He will punish you with a grievous Chastisement, and put others in your place; but Him you would not harm in the least. For Allah has power over all things.

40. If you help not (your leader), (it is no matter): for Allah did indeed help him, when the Unbelievers drove him out: he had no more than one companion; they two were in the Cave, and he said to his companion, "Have no fear, for Allah is with us": then Allah sent down His peace upon him, and strengthened him with forces which you did not see, and humbled to the depths the word of the Unbelievers. But the word of Allah is exalted to the heights: for Allah is Exalted in might, Wise.

wa qaatilul-mushrikeena kaaaf-fatan kamaa yuqaatiloonakum kaaaffah; wa'lamooo anna-laha ma'al-muttaqeen.

37. Innaman-nasee'u ziyaadatun filkufri yudallu bihil-lazeena kafaroo yuhilloonahoo 'aamañw-wa yuharrimoonahoo 'aamal-liyu-waati' oo 'iddata maa ḥarramal-laahu fayuhilloo maa ḥarramal-laah; zuyyina lahum sooo'u a'maalihim; wallaahu laa yahdil-qawmal-kaafireen.

38. Yaaa ayyuhal-lazeena aamanoo maa lakum izaa qeela lakumun-firoo fee sabeelil-laahis-saaqaltum ilal-ard; aradeetum bil-hayaatid-dunyaaa minal-Aakhira; famaa mataa'ul-hayaatid-dunyaaa fil-Aakhirati illaa qaleel.

39. Illaa tanfiroo yu'az-zil-kum 'azaaban aleemañw-wa yastabdil qawman ghayrakum wa laa taqurroohu shay'aa; wallaahu 'alaal kulli shay'in Qadeer.

40. Illaa tanṣuroohu faqat naṣarahul-laahu iz akhrajahul-lazeena kafaroo saaniyasnayni iz humaa filghaari iz yaqoolu liṣaabihee laa taḥzan innal-laaha ma'anaa fa-anzallaahu sakeenatahoo 'alayhi wa ayyadahoo bijunoodil-lam tarrawhaa wa ja'ala kalimatul-lazeena kafarus-suflaa; wa Kalimatul-laahi hiyal-'ulyaa; wallaahu 'Azeezun Ḥakeem.

وَقَاتَلُوا الْمُشْرِكِينَ كَافِةً كَمَا
يُقَاتِلُونَكُمْ كَافِةً وَاعْلَمُوا أَنَّ

الله مَعَ الْمُتَّقِينَ ④

إِنَّ الْسَّيِّئُ زِيَادَةٌ فِي الْكُفْرِ
يُضْلِلُ بِهِ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا إِلَيْهِمْ
عَامًا وَيَحْرِمُونَهُ عَامًا لِبُوَاطِعًا
عِدَّةً مَاحِمَّ اللَّهُ فِي حِلْوَةِ مَاحِمَّ
اللَّهُ زُرْيَنَ لَهُمْ سُوءٌ أَعْبَدُ لَهُمْ
وَاللَّهُ لَأَيْمَدِي الْقَوْمَ الْكُفَّارِينَ ④
يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا مَا لَكُمْ إِذَا
قِيلَ لَكُمْ افْنُرُوا فِي سَيِّلِ اللَّهِ
إِذَا قَلَتْنُمْ إِلَى الْأَرْضِ طَأْرَضِيَّتُمْ
بِالْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا مِنَ الْآخِرَةِ فَمَا
مَنَّأْتُ الْحَيَاةَ الدُّنْيَا فِي الْآخِرَةِ
إِلَّا قَلِيلٌ ④

إِلَّا تَنْفُرُوا يَعْدِلُكُمْ عَدَابًا لِيَمَاهَةٍ
وَسِتَّدِيلُ قَوْمًا غَيْرَكُمْ وَلَا تَضُرُّوهُ
شَيْئًا وَاللَّهُ عَلَى كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ④

إِلَّا تَنْصُرُوهُ فَقَدْ نَصَرَهُ اللَّهُ إِذَا
أَخْرَجَهُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا ثَانَى اثْنَيْنِ
إِذْ هُمَا فِي الْغَارِ إِذْ يَقُولُونَ
إِصَاحِبِهِ لَا تَخْرُنْ إِنَّ اللَّهَ مَعَنَّا
فَأَنْزَلَ اللَّهُ سِكِينَتَهُ عَلَيْهِ وَأَيْدَاهُ
يُجْنُودِ لَمْ تَرُوهَا وَجَعَلَ كَلِمَةَ
الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا السُّفْلَى وَكَلِمَةُ اللَّهِ
هِيَ الْعُلْيَا وَاللَّهُ عَزِيزٌ حَكِيمٌ ④

41. You go forth, (whether equipped) lightly or heavily, and strive and struggle, with your goods and your persons, in the Cause of Allah. That is best for you, if you (but) knew.

42. If there had been immediate gain (in sight), and the journey easy, they would (all) without doubt have followed you, but the distance was long, (and weighed) on them. They would indeed swear by Allah, "If we only could, we should certainly have come out with you": they would destroy their own souls; for Allah knows that they are certainly lying.

43. Allah gave you grace! Why did you grant them exemption until those who told the truth were seen by you in a clear light, and you had proved the liars?

44. Those who believe in Allah and the Last Day ask you for no exemption from fighting with their goods and persons. And Allah knows well those who do their duty.

45. Only those ask you for exemption who do not believe in Allah and the Last Day, and whose hearts are in doubt, so that they are tossed in their doubts to and fro.

46. If they had intended to come out, they would certainly have made some preparation therefor; but Allah was averse to their being sent forth; so He made them lag behind, and they were told, "You sit among those who sit (inactive)."

47. If they had come out with you, they would not have added to your (strength) but

41. Infiroo khifaafan-wa siqalañw-wa jaahidoo bi-amwaalikum wa anfusikum fee sabeeel-lah; zaalikum khayrul-lakum in kuntum ta'lamoon.

42. Law kaana 'arad an qareeban-wa safaran qaasidal-lattaba'ooka wa laakim ba'udat 'alayhimush-shuqqah; wa sayahlifoona billaahi lawista'a'naa lakharaajnaa ma'akum; yuhlikoona anfusahum wallaahu ya'lamu innahum lakaaziboon.

43. 'Afal-laahu 'anka lima azinta lahum hatta yatabay-yana lakal-lazeena sadaqoo wa ta'lamal-kaazibeen.

44. Laa yasta-zinukal-lazeena yu'minoona billaahi wal-Yawmil-Aakhiri any-yujahidoo bi-amwaalihim wa anfusihim; wallaahu 'Aleemum bilmuttaaqeen.

45. Innamaa yasta-zinukal-lazeena laa yu'minoona billaahi wal-Yawmil-Aakhiri wartaabat quloobuhum fahum fee raybi-him yataraddadoon.

46. Wa law araadul-khurooja la-a'addoo laahoo 'uddatañw-wa laakin karihal-laahum-bi'-aa-sahum fasabba'tahum wa qeelaq-udoon ma'al-qaa'ideen.

47. Law kharajoo feekum maa zaadookum illaa

أَفَرُوا خَفَافًا وَثِقَالًا وَجَاهُهُوا
بِأَمْوَالِكُمْ وَأَنفُسِكُمْ فِي سَيِّئٍ
اللَّهُ أَذْلِكُمْ خَيْرٌ لَكُمْ إِنْ
كُنْتُمْ تَعْلَمُونَ ۝

لَوْ كَانَ عَرَضاً قَرِيبًا وَسَفَرًا
قَاصِدًا لَا تَبْغُوكَ وَلَكِنْ بَعْدَتْ
عَلَيْهِمُ الشُّقَّةُ وَسَيَحْلِفُونَ
بِاللَّهِ لَوْ أَسْطَعْنَاكُمْ نَارَ مَعَكُمْ
يُهْلِكُونَ أَنفُسَهُمْ وَاللَّهُ يَعْلَمْ
أَنَّهُمْ لَكَذِبُونَ ۝

عَفَا اللَّهُ عَنْكَ لَمْ أَذْنَتْ كُلُّهُمْ
حَتَّىٰ يَتَبَيَّنَ لَكَ الَّذِينَ صَدَقُوا
وَتَعْلَمَ الْكَاذِبُينَ ۝

لَا يَسْتَأْذِنُكَ الَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِاللَّهِ
وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ إِنْ يُجَاهِدُوا
بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ وَأَنفُسِهِمْ وَاللَّهُ
عَلَيْهِمْ بِالْمُتَّقِينَ ۝

لَمْ يَسْتَأْذِنُكَ الَّذِينَ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ
بِاللَّهِ وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ وَإِنْ تَابُ
قُلُوبُهُمْ فَهُمْ فِي رَيْبٍ
يَتَرَدَّدُونَ ۝

وَلَوْ أَرَادُوا الْخُروجَ لَا عَدُوا كَهْ
عُدَّهُ وَلَكِنْ كَرَهَ اللَّهُ أَنْ يَعَذِّبَهُمْ
فَنَبْطَهُمْ وَقَيْلَ افْعُدُوا مَعَ
الْقَعْدِينَ ۝

لَوْ خَرَجُوا فِيهِمْ مَا زَادُوكُمْ إِلَّا

only (made for) disorder, hurrying here and there in your midst and sowing sedition among you, and there would have been some among you who would have listened to them . But Allah knows well those who do wrong.

48. Indeed they had plotted sedition before, and upset matters for you, until, the Truth arrived, and the Decree of Allah became manifest, much to their disgust.

49. Among them is (many) a man who says: "Grant me exemption and do not draw me into trial." Have they not fallen into trial already? and indeed Hell surrounds the Unbelievers (on all sides).

50. If good befalls you, it grieves them; but if a misfortune befalls you, they say, "We took indeed our precautions beforehand," and they turn away rejoicing.

51. Say: "Nothing will happen to us except what Allah has decreed for us: He is our Protector"; and on Allah let the Believers put their trust.

52. Say: "Can you expect for us (any fate) other than one of two glorious things- (martyrdom or victory)? But we can expect for you either that Allah will send His punishment from Himself, or by our hands. So wait (expectant); we too will wait with you."

53. Say: "Spend (for the Cause) willingly or unwillingly: from you it will not be accepted: for you are indeed a people rebellious and wicked."

54. The only reasons why their contributions are not

khabaalañw-wa la-awða'oo khilaalakum yabghoona-kumul-fitnata wa feekum sam-maa'ona lahum; wallaahu 'Aleemum bîz-zaalimeen.

48. Laqadib-taghawul-fitnata min qablu wa qallaboo lakal-umoora hattaa jaaa'al-haqqu wa zahara amrul-laahi wa hum kaarihoon.

49. Wa minhum mañ-y-aqoolu'-zal-lee wa laa taftinnee; alaa fil-fitnati saqatoo; wa inna Jahannama lamuhetatum bil-kaafireen.

50. In tuşitka hasanatun tasu'hum; wa in tuşitka muşebatun yaqooloo qad akhaznaaa amranaa min qablu wa yatawallaw wa hum farihoon.

51. Qul lañy-yußeebanaaa illaa maa katabal-laahu lanaa Huwa mawlaanaa; wa 'alal-laahi falyatawakkalil-mu'minoon.

52. Qul hal tarabbaa onnaa illaaa iħdal-ħusnayini wa nahnu natarabbu bikum aña-yußeebakum ul-laahu bi'azaabim-min indihee aw bi-aydeena fatarabbaa oo innaa ma'akum mutarabbisoon.

53. Qul anfiqoo taw'an aw karhal-lañy-yutaqabbala min-kum innakum kuntum qawman faasiqueen.

54. Wa maa mana'ahum an tuqbalu minhum

خَيْلًا وَلَا وَضْعًا خَلْدًا
يَعْنُونَكُمُ الْفِتْنَةَ وَفِيهِمْ
سَعْوَنَ لَهُمْ وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِمْ
بِالظَّلَمِينَ ۝

لَقِدِ ابْتَغُوا الْفِتْنَةَ مِنْ قَبْلٍ
وَلَقَبُولُكَ الْأُمُورُ حَتَّىٰ جَاءَ الْحَقُّ
وَطَهَرَ أَمْرُ اللَّهِ وَهُمْ كَرِهُونَ ۝
وَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ يَقُولُ أَئْذَنَنِي وَلَا
تَقْرَبْنِي ۚ أَلَا فِي الْفِتْنَةِ سَقْطُوا
وَلَمْ جَهَّهُمْ لِمُجْبِطِهِ بِإِلَكَفِيرِينَ ۝
إِنْ تُصْبِكَ حَسَنَةً سُوءُهُ ۝ وَلَمْ
تُصْبِكَ مُصِبَّةً يَقُولُوا قَدْ
آخَذْنَا آمْرَنَا مِنْ قَبْلٍ وَيَتَوَلَّوْنا
وَهُمْ فَرِحُونَ ۝

قُلْ لَنْ يُصِبِّنَا إِلَّا مَا كَتَبَ
اللَّهُ لَنَا هُوَ مُوْلَنَا وَعَلَى اللَّهِ
قَدِيلُونَ كُلَّ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ ۝

قُلْ هُلْ تَرْبِصُونَ بِنَا إِلَّا حَدَّدَ
الْحُسْنَيَّينَ وَنَحْنُ نَرْبِصُ بِكُمْ
أَنْ يُصِبِّكُمُ اللَّهُ بِعَذَابٍ مِنْ
عِنْدِهِ أَوْ بِأَيْدِينَا ۝ فَتَرْبِصُوا
إِنَّ مَعَكُمْ مُتَرْبِصُونَ ۝

قُلْ أَنْفَقُوا طَوْعًا أَوْ كُرْهًا لَنْ
يَنْقِبَنَّ مِنْكُمْ لَأَنَّكُمْ كُنْتُمْ
قُوَّمًا فَسِيقِينَ ۝

وَمَا مَنَعْتُمْ أَنْ تَقْبَلَ مِنْهُمْ

accepted are: that they reject Allah and His Apostle; that they come to prayer without earnestness; and that they offer contributions unwillingly.

55. Let not their wealth nor their (following in) sons dazzle you: in reality Allah's plan is to punish them with these things in this life, and that their souls may perish in their (very) denial of Allah.

56. They swear by Allah that they are indeed of you; but they are not of you: yet they are afraid (to appear in their true colours).

57. If they could find a place to flee to, or caves, or a place of concealment, they would turn straightway thereto, with an obstinate rush.

58. And among them are men who slander you in the matter of (the distribution of) the alms: if they are given part thereof, they are pleased, but if not, behold! they are indignant!

59. If only they had been content with what Allah and His Apostle gave them, and had said, "Sufficient unto us is Allah! Allah and His Apostle will soon give us of His bounty: to Allah do we turn our hopes!" (that would have been the right course).

60. Alms are for the poor and the needy, and those employed to administer the (funds); for those whose hearts have been (recently) reconciled (to Truth); for those in bondage and in debt; in the cause of Allah; and for the wayfarer: (thus is it) ordained by Allah, and Allah is full of knowledge and wisdom.

nafaqaatuhum illaaa annahum kafaroo billaahi wa bi-Rasoolihee wa laa ya-toona-Salaata illaa wa hum kusaalaa wa laa yunfiqoon illaa wa hum kaarihoon.

55. Falaa tu'jibka amwaaluhum wa laaa awlaaduhum; innamaa yureedul-laahu liyu'az-zibahum bihaa fil-hayaatid-dunya wa tazhaqa anfusuhum wa hum kaafiroon.

56. Wa yahlifoona billaahi innahum laminkum; wa maa hum minkum wa laakinnahum qawmuñ-yafaqoon.

57. Law yajidoona malja'an aw maghaaraatin aw muddakhala-lwallaw ilayhi wa hum ya'mahoon.

58. Wa minhum mañy-yalmizuka fiş-şadaqaati fa-in u'too minhaa rađoo wa illam yu'taw minhaaa iżza hum yaskhaatoon.

59. Wa law annahum rađoo maaa aataahumul-laahu wa Rasooluhoo wa qaalo hásbul-laahu sayu'teenallaahu min fadlihee wa Rasooluhooo innaaa ilallaahi raaghiboon.

60. Innamaş-şadaqaatu lilfu-qaraa'i walmasaakeeni wal-aamileena 'alayhaa walmu'alafati quloobuhum wa firriqaabi-walghaarimeena wa fee sabeelil-laahi wabnis-sabeel; fareedatam-minal-laah; wal-laahu 'Aleemun Hakeem.

نَفَقُتُهُمْ إِلَّا أَنْهُمْ كَفَرُوا بِاللَّهِ
وَبِرَسُولِهِ وَلَا يَأْتُونَ الصَّلَاةَ
إِلَّا وَهُمْ كُسَالَىٰ وَلَا يُنْفِقُونَ إِلَّا
وَهُمْ كُفُّهُونَ ⑥

فَلَا تُعِذِّبْكَ أَنْمَوَاهُمْ وَلَا أَوْلَادُهُمْ
إِنَّمَا يُرِيدُ اللَّهُ لِيَعْلَمَ بِهِمْ بِهَا فِي
الْحَيَاةِ الدُّنْيَا وَتَزَهَّقُ أَنْفُسُهُمْ

وَهُمْ كُفَّرُونَ
وَيَحْلِفُونَ بِاللَّهِ أَنَّهُمْ لَيْسُوكُمْ
وَمَا هُمْ قُنْكُمْ وَلَكُمْ قَوْمٌ
يَفْرَقُونَ ⑦

لَوْيَجِدُونَ مَلْجَأً أَوْ مَغْرِبَةً أَوْ
مُدَخَّلًا لَوْلَأَيْدِيهِ وَهُمْ يَجْمُحُونَ
وَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ يَلْمِزُكَ فِي الصَّدَقَاتِ

قَانُ اعْطُوا مِنْهَا رَضْوًا وَإِنْ لَمْ
يُعْطُوهُمْنَهَا لَذَاهِمْ يَسْخُطُونَ ⑧

وَلَوْأَنْهُمْ رَاضُوا مَمَّا أَتَهُمُ اللَّهُ
وَرَسُولُهُ لَا وَقَالُوا حَسِبْنَا اللَّهَ
سَيُؤْتِنَا اللَّهُ مِنْ قَضْلِهِ وَرَسُولُهُ

إِنَّمَا اللَّهُ رَاغِبُونَ ⑨

إِنَّمَا الصَّدَقَاتُ لِلْفَقَرَاءِ وَ
الْمَسْكِينِ وَالْعَلِيلِينَ عَلَيْهَا وَ
الْمُؤْلَفَةُ قُلُوبُهُمْ وَفِي الرِّقَابِ

وَالْغَرِيمِينَ وَفِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
وَابْنِ السَّبِيلِ طَفْرِيَّةٌ مِّنْ

الشَّوَّافِ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ ⑩

61. Among them are men who slander the Prophet and say, "He is (all) ear." Say, "He listens to what is best for you: he believes in Allah, has faith in the Believers, and is a Mercy to those of you who believe." But those who slander the Apostle will have a grievous Chastisement.

62. To you they swear by Allah, In order to please you: But it is more fitting that they should please Allah and His Apostle, if they are Believers.

63. Do they not know that for those who oppose Allah and His Apostle, is the Fire of Hell?—wherein they shall dwell. That is the supreme disgrace.

64. The Hypocrites are afraid lest a Sura should be sent down about them, showing them what is (really passing) in their hearts. Say: "Mock you! But verily Allah will bring to light all that you fear (should be revealed).

65. If you question them, they declare (with emphasis): "We were only talking idly and in play." Say: "Was it at Allah, and His Signs, and His Apostle, that you were mocking?"

66. You do not make any excuses: you have rejected Faith after you had accepted it. If We pardon some of you, We will punish others amongst you, for that they are in sin.

67. The Hypocrites, men and women, (have an understanding) with each other: They enjoin evil, and forbid what is just, and are close

61. Wa minhumul-lazeena
yu'zoonan-Nabiyya wa yaqoo-
loona huwa uzun; qul uzunu
khayril-lakum yu'minu billaahi
wa yu'minu lilmu'mineena wa
rahmatul-lillazeena aamanoo
minkum; wallazeena yu'zoona
Rasoolal-laahi lahum 'azaabun
aleem.

62. Yahliroona billaahi lakum
liyurdoonum wallaahu wa
Rasooluhooo ahaqqu any-yur-
doohu in kaanoo mu'mineen.

63. Alam ya'lamooo annahoo
maany-yuh aadidillaaha wa
Rasoolahoo fa-anna lahou Naara
Jahannama khaalidan feehaa;
zaalikal-khizyul-'azeem.

64. Yahzarul-munaafiqoona
an tunaz-zala 'alayhim Soora-
fun tunabbi'uhum bimaa fee
quloobihim; qulistahzi'oo
innal-laaha mukhrijum-maa
tahzaroon.

65. Wala'in sa-altahum-
layaqoolunna innamaa kunnaa
nakhoodu wa nal'ab; qul
abillaahi wa Aayaatihee wa
Rasoolihee kuntum tastah-
zi'oon.

66. Laa ta'taziroo qad kafar-
tum ba'da eemaanikum; in
na'fu 'an taaa'ifatim-minkum
nu'az-zil taaa'ifatam bi-anna-
hum kaanoo mu'rimineen.

67. Almunaafiqoona walmu-
naafiqatu ba'duhum mim
ba'd; ya-muroona bilmunkari
wa yanhwana 'anil-ma-roofi wa
ya'bidoona

وَمِنْهُمُ الَّذِينَ يُؤْذِنُونَ لِهِنَّ
وَيَقُولُونَ هُوَ أَذْنٌ فَلَمْ أَذْنُ
خَيْرٌ لَكُمْ يُؤْمِنُ بِاللَّهِ وَيُؤْمِنُ
لِلْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَسَرَحَةٌ لِلَّذِينَ
أَمْنُوا مِنْكُمْ طَوَّافَةٌ لِلَّذِينَ يُؤْذِنُونَ
رَسُولُ اللَّهِ أَكْثُرُهُمْ عَذَابٌ أَكْثَرُهُمْ

يَعْلَمُونَ بِاللَّهِ لَكُمْ لِيُرْضُوكُمْ
وَاللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ أَحَقُّ أَنْ يُرْضُوهُ
إِنْ كَانُوا مُؤْمِنِينَ

أَكْمَلَ يَعْلَمُوا أَكْمَلَهُ مَنْ يُحَارِدُ اللَّهَ
وَرَسُولَهُ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ تَارِحَتْهُمْ حَالِهِ
فِيهَا ذُلْكَ الْخَزْنُ الْعَظِيمُ

يَحْدُدُ الْمُنْفَقِقُونَ أَنْ تُنْزَلَ عَلَيْهِمْ
سُورَةً تُنَذِّهُمْ مِمَّا فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ
قُلْ اسْتَهْزِئُ فَوَإِنَّ اللَّهَ مُحْرِجٌ
مَاتَحْدَرُونَ

وَلَكُنْ سَائِلُهُمْ كَيْقُولُنَّ إِنْ كَانُ
خَوْضٌ وَنَلَعْبٌ فَلَمْ أَبْلُغُ وَأَبْلَغْتَهُ
وَرَسُولُهُ كُنْتُمْ تَسْتَهْزِئُونَ

لَا تَعْتَدُنَّ رَوْاْقَدَ كَفَرْتُمْ بَعْدَ
إِيمَانَكُمْ إِنْ نَعْفُ عَنْ طَارِقَةٍ
قُنْكُمْ نَعْذِبُ طَارِقَةً بِإِنْهُمْ
كَانُوا مُجْرِمِينَ

أَنْنَفِقُونَ وَالنَّفِقَةُ بَعْضُهُمْ
مِنْ بَعْضٍ مِيَامِرُونَ بِالْمُنْكَرِ
يَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمَعْرُوفِ وَيَفْسِدُونَ

with their hands. They have forgotten Allah; so He has forgotten them. Verily the Hypocrites are rebellious and perverse.

68. Allah has promised the Hypocrites men and women, and the rejecters, of Faith, the fire of Hell: therein shall they dwell: sufficient is it for them: for them is the curse of Allah, and an enduring punishment,-

69. As in the case of those before you: they were mightier than you in power, and more flourishing in wealth and children. They had their enjoyment of their portion: and you have of yours, as did those before you; and you indulge in idle talk as they did. They!- their works are fruitless in this world and in the Hereafter, and they will lose (all spiritual good).

70. Has not the story reached them of those before them? - the People of Noah, and 'Ad, and Thamud; the People of Abraham, the men of Midian, and the cities overthrown. To them came their Apostles with Clear Signs. It is not Allah Who wrongs them, but they wrong their own souls.

71. The Believers, men and women, are protectors, one of another: they enjoin what is just, and forbid what is evil: they observe regular prayers, practise regular charity, and obey Allah and His Apostle. On them will Allah pour His mercy: for Allah is Exalted in power, Wise.

aydiyahum; nasul-laaha fana-siyahum; **innal-** munaafiqeena humul-faasiqoon.

68. Wa'adal-laahul-munaafiqeena wal-munaafiqati wal-kuffara Naara **Jahannama** khaalideena feehaa; hiya hasbu-hum; wa la'anahumul-laahu wa lahum 'azaab **muqeem**.

69. Kallazeena **min qabilum** kaanoo ashadda **minkum** quwwatain-wa aksara amwaalan-wa awlaadan fastamta'oo bikhalaaqihim fastamta'tum **bikhalaaqikum** kamas-tamta'al-lazeena **min qabilikum** bikhalaaqihim wa khuqtum kallazee khaadooo; ulaaa'ika habitat a'maaluhum fid-dunyaa wal-Aakhirati wa ulaaa'ika humul-khaasiroon.

70. Alam ya-tihim naba-ul-lazeena **min qabilihim** qawmi Noohiin-wa 'Aadiin-wa Samood; wa qawmi Ibraheema wa ahsaab'i Madyana walmu'ta-fikaat; atathum Rusuluhum bilbayyinaati famaa kaanal-laahu liyazlimahum wa laakin kaanoo **anfusahum** yazlimoon.

71. Walmu'minoona wal-mu'minatu ba'duhum awliyaa'u ba'di; ya-muroona bilm'a-roofi wa yanhwawa 'anil-munkari wa yuqeemoona-Salaata wa yu'toonaz-Zakaata wa yuthee'oonal-laaha wa Rasoolah; ulaaa'ika sayarhamuhumul-laah; **innallaaha 'Azeezun Hakeem**.

أَيْدِيهِمْ نَسُوا اللَّهَ فَسَيَهُمْ إِنَّ
الْمُنْفِقِينَ هُمُ الْفَسِقُونَ ۝

وَعَدَ اللَّهُ الْمُنْفِقِينَ وَالْمُنْفَقِتِ
وَالْكُفَّارُ نَارٌ جَهَنَّمُ خَلِدِينَ
فِيهَا هِيَ حَسْبُهُمْ وَلَعَنْهُمْ
اللَّهُ وَلَهُمْ عَذَابٌ مُّقِيمٌ ۝

كَالَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ كَانُوا
أَشَدَّ مِنْكُمْ فُرَّةً وَأَكْثَرُ أَمْوَالًا
وَأَوْلَادًا فَاسْتَهْوَا بِخَلَاقِهِمْ
فَاسْتَهْمَمُوا بِخَلَاقِكُمْ كَمَا اسْتَهْمَمُ
الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِكُمْ بِخَلَاقِهِمْ
وَخُصْصُمُوكُلَّ ذَلِكَ حَاضِرُوا أُولَئِكَ
حِيطَتْ أَعْمَالُهُمْ فِي الدُّنْيَا
وَالْآخِرَةِ وَأُولَئِكَ هُمُ الْخَسِرُونَ ۝

إِلَمْ يَأْتِيْكُمْ نَبَأُ الَّذِينَ مِنْ قَبْلِهِمْ
قَوْمُ نُوحٍ وَعَادٍ وَثَمُودٍ وَ
قَوْمُ إِبْرَاهِيمَ وَاصْحَابِ مَدْيَنَ
وَالْمُؤْتَفَكِلُونَ أَتَتْهُمْ رُسُلُهُمْ
بِالْبَيِّنَاتِ فَمَا كَانَ اللَّهُ لِيَظْلِمُهُمْ
وَلَكِنْ كَانُوا أَنفُسَهُمْ يَظْلِمُونَ ۝

وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتُ بَعْضُهُمْ
أَوْلَيَاءُ بَعْضٍ مَمْأُورُونَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ
وَيَنْهَوْنَ عَنِ الْمُنْكَرِ وَيُقِيمُونَ
الصَّلَاةَ وَيُؤْتُونَ الزَّكَاةَ وَ
يُطْبِعُونَ اللَّهَ وَرَسُولَهُ أُولَئِكَ
سَيِّدُهُمُ اللَّهُ ۝ إِنَّ اللَّهَ عَزِيزٌ
حَكِيمٌ ۝

72. Allah has promised to Believers, men and women, Gardens under which rivers flow, to dwell therein, and beautiful mansions in Gardens of everlasting bliss. But the greatest bliss is the Good pleasure of Allah: that is the supreme felicity.

73. O Prophet! strive hard against the Unbelievers and the Hypocrites, and be firm against them, their abode is Hell,- an evil refuge indeed.

74. They swear by Allah that they said nothing (evil), but indeed they uttered blasphemy, and they did it after accepting Islam; and they meditated a plot which they were unable to carry out: this revenge of theirs was (their) only return for the bounty with which Allah and His Apostle had enriched them! If they repent, it will be best for them; but if they turn back (to their evil ways), Allah will punish them with a grievous Chastisement in this life and in the Hereafter: they shall have none on earth to protect or help them.

75. Amongst them are men who made a Covenant with Allah, that if He bestowed on them of His bounty, they would give (largely) in charity, and be truly amongst those who are righteous.

76. But when He did bestow of His bounty, they became covetous, and turned back (from their Covenant), averse (from its fulfilment).

77. So He has put as a consequence Hypocrisy into their hearts, (to last) till the Day, whereon they shall meet Him: because they broke their

72. Wa 'adallaahul-mu'mineena walmu'minaati Jannaatin ta'ree min tahtihal anhaaru khaalideena feehaa wa masaakina tayyibataan fee Jannaati 'Adn: wa ri'dwaanum-minal-laahi akbar; zaalika huwal-fawzul-'azeem.

73. Yaaa-ayyuhan-Nabiyyu jaahidil-kuffaara walmunaafiqeena waghluz 'alayhim; wa ma-waahum Jahannam; wa bi'sal-maaseer.

74. Ya'llifoona billaahi maa qaaloo wa laqad qaaloo kalimatal-kufri wa kafaroo ba'da Islaamihim wa hammoo bimaa lam yanaaloo; wa maa naqamooo illaaa an aghnaa humullaahu wa Rasooluhoo min fadlih; fa'in-yatooboo yaku khayral-lahum wa in-yata wal-law y'u'a z-zibh umullaahu 'azaaban aleeman fiddunya wal-Aakhirah; wamaa lahumm fil-ardi miinw-waliyyiin-wa laa naaseer.

75. Wa minhum man 'aaadal-laaha la'in aataanaa min fadlihee lanaş-sadda-qanna wa lanakoonanna minaşsaaliheen.

76. Falammaaa aataahum min fadlihee bakhiloo bihee wa tawallaw wa hum mu'ridoon.

77. Fa-a'qabahum nifaaqan fee quloobihim ilaa Yawmi yalqawahahoo bimaaa akhlaful-laaha maa

وَعَدَ اللَّهُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ وَالْمُؤْمِنَاتِ
جَدِّتْ تَجْرِيْ مِنْ رَتْحَتِهَا الْأَنْهَرُ
خَلِدِيْنَ فِيهَا وَمَسْكِنَ طَيْبَةً
فِي جَدِّتِ عَدْنٍ وَرِضْوَانٍ مِنْ
اللَّهِ أَكْبَرْ ذَلِكَ هُوَ الْقَوْزَ الْعَظِيمُ
يَا يَاهُنَّا إِلَيْهِ الْجَاهِدُ الْكُفَّارُ
وَالْمُنْفَقِيْنَ وَاغْلَظُ عَلَيْهِمْ وَ
مَأْوَاهُمْ جَهَنَّمُ وَبَيْسَ الْمَصِيرُ
يَحْلِفُونَ بِاللَّهِ مَا قَالُوا وَ
لَقَدْ قَالُوا كَلِمَةَ الْكُفُرِ وَ
كَفَرُوا بَعْدَ إِسْلَامِهِمْ وَهُنَّا
بِمَا لَمْ يَنْأُوا وَمَا نَقْمُوْا إِلَّا
أَنْ أَغْنَدُهُمُ اللَّهُ وَرَسُولُهُ مِنْ
فَضْلِهِ فَإِنْ يَتُوبُوا إِلَيْكَ خَيْرًا
لَهُمْ وَإِنْ يَتُوْلُوا يُعَذِّبُهُمْ
اللَّهُ عَدَابًا أَلِيمًا فِي الدُّنْيَا وَ
الْآخِرَةِ وَمَا لَهُمْ فِي الْأَرْضِ
مِنْ وَلِيٍّ وَلَا نَصِيرٌ

وَمِنْهُمْ مَنْ عَاهَدَ اللَّهَ لَيْنُ
أَشْدَى مِنْ فَضْلِهِ لَنَضَدَّ قَنْ
وَلَنَكُونَنَّ مِنَ الصَّالِحِيْنَ
فَلَكُنَّا أَشْهُمْ مِنْ فَضْلِهِ بَخْلُوا
بِهِ وَتَوَلُّوا وَهُمْ مُعْرِضُونَ
فَأَعْقَبُهُمْ نِقَاقًا فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ إِلَى
يَوْمَ يَلْقَوْنَهُ بِمَا أَخْلَفُوا اللَّهُ مَا

Covenant with Allah, and because they lied (again and again).

78. Do they not know that Allah knows their secret (thoughts) and their secret counsels, and that Allah knows well all things unseen?

79. Those who slander such of the Believers as give themselves freely to (deeds of) charity, as well as such as can find nothing to give except the fruits of their labour,- and throw ridicule on them,- Allah will throw back their ridicule on them: and they shall have a grievous Chastisement.

80. Whether you ask for their forgiveness, or not, (their sin is unforgivable): if you ask seventy times for their forgiveness, Allah will not forgive them: because they have rejected Allah and His Apostle: and Allah does not guide those who are perversely rebellious.

81. Those who were left behind (in the Tabuk expedition) rejoiced in their inaction behind the back of the Apostle of Allah: they hated to strive and fight, with their goods and their persons, in the Cause of Allah: they said, "Do not go forth in the heat." Say, "The fire of Hell is fiercer in heat." If only they could understand!

82. Let them laugh a little: much will they weep: a recompense for the (evil) that they do.

83. If, then, Allah bring you back to any of them, and they ask your permission to come out (with you), say: "Never shall you come out with me, nor fight an enemy with me: for you preferred to sit inactive on the first occasion: then you sit (now) with those who lag behind."

84. Nor do you ever pray for any of them that dies,

wa'adoohu wa bimaa kaanoo yakziboon.

78. Alam ya'lamooo annalaaha ya'lamu sirrahum wa na'iwaahum wa annal-laaha 'Allaamul-Ghuyoob.

79. Allazeena yalmizoonal-mut-tawwi'eenaa minalmu'mineena fis-sadaqaati wallazeena laa yajidoona illaa juhdahum fayaskharoona minhum sakhi-r-laahu minhum wa lahum 'azaabun aleem.

80. Istaghfir lahum aw laa tastaghfir lahum in tastaghfir lahum sa'eena marratan talaany-yaghfir-laahu lahum; zaalika bi-annahum kafaroo billaahi wa Rasoolih; wallaahu laa yahdil-qawmal-faaqiseen.

81. Farihal-mukhallafoona bima'tadihim khilaafa Rasool-lil-laahi wa karihoo any-yujaahidoo bi-amwaalihim wa anfusihim fee sabeeleel-laahi wa qaaloo laa tanfiroo fil-harr; qul Naaru Jahannama ashaddu harraa; law kaanoo yafqahoон.

82. Falyadħakoo qaleelañw-walyabkoo kaseeran jazaa'am bimaa kaanoo yaksiboon.

83. Fa-ir-raja'akal-laahu ilaa taaa'ifatim-minhum fastazanooka lilkhurooji faqul-lan takhrujoo ma'iya abadañw-wa lan tuqaatilo ma'iya 'aduw-wan innakum radheetum-bilqu'oodi awwalla marratin fag'udo ma'al-khaalifeen.

84. Wa laa tuṣalli 'alaaa ahadim-minhum maata

وَعَدْدُهُ وَفِيمَا كَانُوا يَكْنِدُونَ ۝

أَلَمْ يَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ يَعْلَمُ سَرَّهُمْ وَ
نَجْوَاهُمْ وَأَنَّ اللَّهَ عَلَمُ الْغَيْوَبِ ۝

الَّذِينَ يَلْمِزُونَ الْمُطَهَّرِينَ مِنَ
الْمُؤْمِنِينَ فِي الصَّدَقَاتِ وَالَّذِينَ لَا
يَحِدُونَ لَا جُهْدَهُمْ فِي سَخْرُونَ
مِنْهُمْ سَخْرَاللَّهُ مِنْهُمْ وَلَهُمْ
عَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌ ۝

إِسْتَغْفِرُ لَهُمْ أَوْ لَا تَسْتَغْفِرُ لَهُمْ
إِنْ تَسْتَغْفِرُ لَهُمْ سَبْعِينَ مَرَّةً ۝

فَلَئِنْ يَغْفِرَ اللَّهُ لَهُمْ ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ
كُفَّارٌ وَابْنَ اللَّهِ وَرَسُولِهِ طَوَّالُهُمْ لَا

يَهُدِيَ الْقَوْمَ الْفَاسِقِينَ ۝

فِرَّهُ الْمُخَالَفُونَ بِمَفْعَلِهِمْ خَلَفَ
رَسُولُ اللَّهِ وَكَرُهُوا أَنْ يُبَاهِدُوا

بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ وَأَنْ يَسْهِمُونَ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ
وَقَالُوا لَا تَنْفِرُ وَلَفِي الْحَرَّةِ قُلْ نَارُ

جَهَنَّمَ أَشَدُ حَرَّاً لَوْ كَانُوا يَفْقَهُونَ ۝

فَلِيَضْحَكُوا وَقَلِيلًا وَلَيَرْكُوْمَا كَثِيرًا
جَزَاءً بِمَا كَانُوا يَكْسِبُونَ ۝

فَإِنْ رَجَعَكَ اللَّهُ إِلَى طَائِفَةٍ فَنَهُمْ
فَاسْتَادُنُوكَ لِلْخُرُوجِ فَقُلْ لَنْ

تَخْرُجُوا مَعِي أَبَا الْأَوْلَى ثَقَاتُهُ لَوْ أَمْعَى
عَدُوًا إِذَا كُمْ رَضِيَتِهِ بِالْقُوَّةِ أَوْلَى
مَرَّةً قَافْعُدُ وَامَّ الْخَلِيفَينَ ۝

وَلَا تُصْلِلْ عَلَى أَهْلِهِ مَنْهُمْ مَاتَ

nor stand at his grave; for they rejected Allah and His Apostle, and died in a state of perverse rebellion.

85. Nor let their wealth nor their children dazzle you: Allah's plan is to punish them with these things in this world, and that their souls may perish in their (very) denial of Allah.

86. When a Sura comes down, enjoining them to believe in Allah and to strive and fight along with His Apostle, those with wealth and influence among them ask you for exemption, and say: "Leave us (behind): we would be with those who sit (at home)."

87. They prefer to be with (the women), who remain behind (at home): their hearts are sealed and so they do not understand.

88. But the Apostle, and those who believe with him, strive and fight with their wealth and their persons: for them are (all) good things: and it is they who will prosper.

89. Allah has prepared for them Gardens under which rivers flow, to dwell therein: that is the supreme felicity.

90. And there were, among the desert Arabs (also), men who made excuses and came to claim exemption; and those who were false to Allah and His Apostle (merely) sat inactive. Soon will a grievous Chastisement seize the Unbelievers among them.

91. There is no blame on those who are infirm, or ill, or who find no resources to spend (on the Cause), if they are sincere (in duty) to Allah and

abadañ-wa laa taqum 'ala qabrihee innahum kafaroo billaahi wa Rasoolihee wa maatoo wa hum faasiqoon.

85. Wa laa tu'jika amwaaluhum wa awlaaduhum; innamaa yureedul-laahu any-yu'az-zibahum bihaa fid-dunya wa tazhaqa anfusuhum wa hum kaafiroon.

86. Wa izaaa unzilat Sooratu an aamino billaahi wa jahidoo ma'a Rasoolihis-ta-zanaka ulutṭawli minhum wa qaaloozarnaakum-ma'al qaa'ideen.

87. Rađoo bi-any-yakoonoo ma'al-khawaalifi wa tubi'a 'ala quloobihim fahum laa yafqahoон.

88. Laakinir-Rasoolu wali-lazeena aamanoo ma'ahoo jaahadoo bi-amwaalihim wa anfusihim; wa ulaaa'i-ka lahumul-khayraatu wa ulaaa'i-ka humul-muflighoon.

89. A'addal-laahu lahum Jan-naatin tařee min tahtihal-anhaaru khaalideena feehaa; zaalikal-fawzul 'azeem.

90. Wa jaaa'al-mu'az-ziroona minal-A'raabi liyu'zana lahum wa qa'adal-lazeena kazabul-laaha wa Rasoolah; sayušeel-lazeena kafaroo minhum 'azaabun aleem.

91. Laysa 'alad-du'afaaa'i wa laa 'alal-marqaa wa laa 'alal-lazeena laa yajidoona maa yunfiqoona ḥarajun izaa našahoo lillaahi wa

أَبَدًا وَلَا تَقْتُمْ عَلَى قَبْرِهِ طَرَّاْهُمْ
كَفَرُوا بِاللّٰهِ وَرَسُولِهِ وَمَا نَوْا
وَهُمْ فَسِقُونَ ⑯

وَلَا تُنْجِبُكُمْ أَمْوَالَهُمْ وَأَوْلَادُهُمْ إِنَّمَا
يُرِيدُ اللّٰهُ أَن يُعَذِّبَهُمْ بِمَا فِي الدُّنْيَا
وَتَرْهِقَنَفْسَهُمْ وَهُمْ كَفَارُونَ ⑯

وَإِذَا أَنْزَلْتُ سُورَةً أَنْ امْنَوْا بِاللّٰهِ
وَجَاهُهُدُوا مَعَ رَسُولِهِ اسْتَأْذَنَكَ
أُولُو الْكَطُولِ مِنْهُمْ وَقَالُوا ذَرْنَا
نَنْهَا فَعَمَّ الْقَعِيلِينَ ⑯

رَضُوا بِأَن يَكُونُو مَعَ الْخَوَافِ وَظِيمَهُ
عَلَى قَلْوبِهِمْ فَهُمْ لَا يَفْقَهُونَ ⑯

لَكِنِ الرَّسُولُ وَالَّذِينَ آمَنُوا مَعَهُ
جَهَدُوا بِأَمْوَالِهِمْ وَأَنفُسِهِمْ وَ
أُولَئِكَ لَهُمُ الْحَيْثُرُ زَوْأُولَئِكَ
هُمُ الْمُفْلِحُونَ ⑯

أَعَدَ اللّٰهُ لَهُمْ حَدَّثٌ تَجْرِي مِنْ
تَحْتِهَا الْأَنْهَرُ خَلِدِينَ فِيهَا
ذَلِكَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ ⑯

وَجَاءَ الْمُعَذَّرُونَ مِنَ الْأَغْرَابِ
لِيُؤْذَنَ لَهُمْ وَقَعَدَ الَّذِينَ كَذَبُوا
اللّٰهُ وَرَسُولُهُ سَيِّصِيبُ الَّذِينَ
كَفَرُوا مِنْهُمْ عَدَابٌ أَلِيمٌ ⑯

لَيْسَ عَلَى الْضَّعَفَاءِ وَلَا عَلَى الْمَرْضَى
وَلَا عَلَى الَّذِينَ لَا يَجِدُونَ مَا
يُنْفِقُونَ حَرَجٌ إِذَا نَصَحَوْا لِلّٰهِ وَ

His Apostle: no ground (of complaint) can there be against such as do right: and Allah is Oft-forgiving, Most Merciful.

92. Nor (is there blame) on those who came to you to be provided with mounts, and when you said, "I can not find any mounts for you," they turned back, their eyes streaming with tears of grief that they had no resources wherewith to provide the expenses.

93. The ground (of complaint) is against such as claim exemption while they are rich. They prefer to stay with the (women) who remain behind: Allah has sealed their hearts; so they do not know (what they miss).

94. They will present their excuses to you when you return to them. You say: "Present no excuses: we shall not believe you: Allah has already informed us of the true state of matters concerning you: It is your actions that Allah and His Apostle will observe: in the end you will be brought back to Him Who knows what is hidden and what is open: then He will show you the truth of all that you did."

95. They will swear to you by Allah, when you return to them, that you may leave them alone. So leave them alone: for they are an abomination, and Hell is their dwelling-place,-a fitting recompense for the (evil) that they did.

96. They will swear unto you, that you may be pleased with them, but if you are pleased with them, Allah is not pleased with those who disobey.

97 The Arabs of the desert are the worst in unbelief and hypocrisy, and most fitted

Rasoolih; maa 'alal-muhsineena min sabeel-wallaahu Ghafoorur Raheem.

92. Wa laa 'alal-lazeena izaa maaa atawka litahmilahum qulta laaa ajidu maaa ahmilukum 'alayhi tawallaw wa a'yunuhum tafeedu minad-dam'i hazzanan allaa yajidoo maa yunfiqoon.

93. **Innamas-sabeelu** ‘alal-lazeena yasta-zinoonaka wa hum aghniyaaa’; radoo bi-**añy-yakoonoo** ma’al-khawaalifi wa taba’al-laahu ‘alaa quloobihim fahum laa ya’lamoon.

94. Ya'taziroona ilaykum
izaa raja'tum ilayhim; qul-laa
ta'taziroo **lan-nu'**mina lakum
qad nabba-anal-laahu min
akhbaarikum; wa sayaral-laahu
'amalakum wa Rasooluhoo
summa turaddoona ilaa 'Aali-
mil-Ghaybi washshahaadati
fayunabbi'ukum **bimaa** kuntum
ta'maloon.

95. Sayahliifoona billaahi
lakum izangalab tum ilayhim
litu'riqoo 'anh um fa-a'-riqoo
'anh um innahum rjsuñw-wa-
ma-waahum Jahannamu jazaaa-
'am bimaa kaanoo yaksiboon.

96. Yaħlifoona lakum litar-daw ‘anhum fa-in tardaw ‘anhum fa-innal-laaha laa yar-daa ‘anil-qawmil-faasiqueen.

97. Al-A‘raabu ashaddu kuf-
rañw-wa nifaqqañw-wa ajdaru

رَسُولُهُ مَا عَلَى الْبِحْسِنَيْنَ مِنْ
سَبِيلٍ ۚ وَاللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ ۝

وَلَا عَلَى الَّذِينَ إِذَا مَا أَتُوكُمْ
لِتَحْكِمُمُ فَلْتَ لَا أَحِدُ مَا
أَحْمِلُكُمْ عَلَيْهِ صَنَوْلًا وَأَعْيُنُهُمْ
تَفَيَّضُ مِنَ الدَّمْ مَعَ حَزَنًا أَلَا
يَجِدُوا مَا يُنْفِقُونَ ۝

إِنَّمَا السَّبِيلُ عَلَى الَّذِينَ
يَسْتَأْذِنُونَكَ وَهُمْ أَعْنَيَاءٌ
رَضُوا بِأَنْ يُؤْتُوْمَعَ الخَوَالِفُ
وَطَبَعَ اللَّهُ عَلَى قُلُوبِهِمْ فَهُمْ لَا
يَعْلَمُونَ ۝

يَعْتَذِرُونَ إِلَيْكُمْ إِذَا رَجَعْتُمْ
إِلَيْهِمْ قُلْ لَا تَعْتَذِرُوا لَنْ يُؤْمِنَ
كُمْ قَدْ نَبَأَنَا اللَّهُ مِنْ أَخْبَارِكُمْ
وَسَيَرَى اللَّهُ عَمَلَكُمْ وَرَسُولُهُ شَهِدَ
ثَرَدُونَ إِلَى عِلْمِ الْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَادَةِ
فَيُنَيِّسُكُمْ بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ^{٦٧}
سَيَحْلِفُونَ بِاللَّهِ لَكُمْ إِذَا اتَّقْلَبْتُمْ
إِلَيْهِمُ الْتَّعْرُضُ وَعَنْهُمْ فَأَعْرَضُوا
عَنْهُمْ لَا هُمْ بِجُنُسِنَا وَمَا وَهُمْ
جَهَنَّمُ جَهَنَّمُ كَانُوا يُكَسِّبُونَ^{٦٨}
يَحْلِفُونَ لَكُمْ لِتَرْضُوا عَنْهُمْ فَإِنْ
تَرْضُوا عَنْهُمْ فَإِنَّ اللَّهَ لَا يَرْضى
عِنِ الْقَوْمِ الْفَسِيقِينَ^{٦٩}
الْأَكْرَابُ أَشَدُ كُفْرًا وَنِفَاقًا فَاجْدَعُ

to be in ignorance of the command which Allah has sent down to His Apostle: But Allah is All-knowing, All-Wise.

98. Some of the desert Arabs look upon their payments as a fine, and watch for disasters for you: on them be the disaster of evil: for Allah is He that hears and knows (all things).

99. But some of the desert Arabs believe in Allah and the Last Day, and look on their payments as pious gifts bringing them nearer to Allah and obtaining the prayers of the Apostle. Yes, indeed they bring them nearer (to Him): soon will Allah admit them to His Mercy: for Allah is Oft-forgiving, Most Merciful.

100. The vanguard (of Islam)—the first of those who forsook (their homes) and of those who gave them aid, and (also) those who follow them in (all) good deeds,—well- pleased is Allah with them, as are they with Him: for them He has prepared Gardens under which rivers flow, to dwell therein for ever: that is the supreme felicity.

101. Certain of the desert Arabs round about you are Hypocrites, as well as (desert Arabs) among the Medina folk: they are obstinate in hypocrisy: you do not know them: We know them: twice shall We punish them: and in addition they shall be sent to a grievous Chastisement.

102. Others (there are who) have acknowledged their wrong-doings: they have mixed an act that was good with another that was evil. Perhaps Allah will turn to them (in Mercy): for Allah is Oft-forgiving, Most Merciful.

alla ya'lamoo hudooda maaa anzalal-laahu 'ala Rasoolih; wallaahu 'Aleemun Hakeem.

98. Wa minal-A'raabi mañy-yattakhizu maa yunfiqu maghrafiñw-wa yatarabbaṣu bikumud-dawaaa'ir; 'alayhim daaa'iratus-saw'; wallaahu Samee'un 'Aleem.

99. Wa minal-A'raabi mañy-yu'minu billaahi wal-Yawmil Aakhiri wa yattakhizu maa yunfiqu qurubaatin 'indal-laahi wa şalawaatir-Rasool; alaaa innahaa qurbatul-lahum; sayudkhilu-humullaahu fee rahmatih; innallaaha Ghafoor-Raheem.

100. Was-saabiqoonal awwa-loona minal-Muhaajireena wal-Ansaari wallazeenat-taba'oo hum bi-ihsaanir-rađiyal-laahu 'anhum wa rađoo 'anhu wa a'adda lahum Jannaatin tařree tahtahal-anhaaru khaalideena feehaaa abadaa; zaalikal-fawzul-'azeem.

101. Wa mimman ḥawlakum minal-A'raabi munaafiqoona wa min ahlil-Madeenati maradoo 'alan-nifaat; laa ta'lamuhum nahnu na'lamuhum; sanu'az-zibuhum marratayni summa yuraddoona ilaa 'azaabin 'azeem.

102. Wa aakharoona tarafuu bizunoobihim khalaṭoo 'amalan saalihiñw-wa aakhara sayyi'a; 'asal-laahu aña-yatooba 'alayhim; innallaaha Ghafoor-Raheem.

اللَّا يَعْلَمُ حُدُودَ مَا أَنزَلَ اللَّهُ عَلَى
رَسُولِهِ وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ

وَمِنَ الْأَعْرَابِ مَنْ يَتَخَذُ مَا يُنْفِقُ مَغْدِمًا وَيَرْبَصُ بِكُمْ
الَّذِي وَأَرْبَطَ عَلَيْهِمْ دَارِيَةُ السُّوءِ
وَاللَّهُ سَمِيعٌ عَلِيمٌ

وَمِنَ الْأَعْرَابِ مَنْ يُؤْمِنُ بِاللَّهِ
وَالْيَوْمِ الْآخِرِ وَيَتَخَذُ مَا يُنْفِقُ
قُرْبَتْ عِنْدَ اللَّهِ وَصَلَوَاتُ الرَّسُولِ
الْأَكْرَاهُ لِأَقْرَبَةِ لَهُمْ سَيِّئَاتُ حَلُومِ اللَّهِ

فِي رَحْمَنَةٍ إِنَّ اللَّهَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ

وَالسَّيِّقُونَ الْأَوْلُونَ مِنَ الْمُهْجِرِينَ

وَالْأَنْصَارُ وَالَّذِينَ اتَّبَعُوهُمْ

بِإِحْسَانٍ لَّهُ رَّضِيَ اللَّهُ عَنْهُمْ وَ

سَرْضُوا عَنْهُ وَأَعْدَلَهُمْ جَنَّتٌ

بَجْرٌ تَحْتَهَا الْأَنْهَرُ خَلْدِينَ

فِيهَا أَبْدَادُ ذِلْكَ الْقَوْزَاعَظِيمِ

وَمِنْ حَوْكُمْ مِنَ الْأَعْرَابِ

مُنْفِقُونَ ثُوَّبُونَ مِنْ أَهْلِ الْبَيْتِ

مَرْدُوا عَلَى التَّفَاقِ لَا تَعْلَمُهُمْ

نَحْنُ نَعْلَمُهُمْ سَعَدَ بِهِمْ مَرْتَبَتِينَ

مُرِدُونَ إِلَى عَذَابٍ عَظِيمٍ

وَآخَرُونَ اعْتَرَفُوا بِذُنُوبِهِمْ

خَاطَلُوا عَمَلاً صَالِحًا وَآخَرَ سَيِّئًا

عَسَى اللَّهُ أَنْ يَتُوبَ عَلَيْهِمْ إِنَّ

اللَّهُ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ

بِعْ

بِذَمَّةِ
أَمْرِكِيَّةِ
بِذَمَّةِ
بِذَمَّةِ

103. Of their goods, take alms, that so you might purify and sanctify them; and pray on their behalf. Verily, your prayers are a source of security for them: and Allah is One Who hears and knows.

104. Do they not know that Allah accepts repentance from His votaries and receives their gifts of charity, and that Allah is verily He, the Oft-Returning, Most Merciful.

105. And say: "Work (righteousness): soon will Allah observe your work, and His Apostle, and the Believers: soon will you be brought back to the Knower of what is hidden and what is open: then will He show you the truth of all that you did."

106. There are (yet) others, held in suspense for the command of Allah, whether He will punish them, or turn in mercy to them: and Allah is All-Knowing, Wise.

107. And there are those who put up a mosque by way of mischief and infidelity - to disunite the Believers - and in preparation for one who warred against Allah and His Apostle aforetime. They will indeed swear that their intention is nothing but good ; but Allah declares that they are certainly liars.

108. You never stand forth therein. There is a mosque whose foundation was laid from the first day on piety; it is more worthy of your standing forth (for prayer) therein. In it are men who love to be purified; and Allah loves those who make themselves pure.

109. Which then is best? - he that lays his foundation on piety to Allah and His Good Pleasure? - or he

103. Khuz min amwaalihim şadaqatan tuṭahhiruhum wa tuzakkeehim bihaa wa şalli 'alayhim **inna** şalaataka sakanul-lahum; wallaahu Samee'un 'Aleem.

104. Alam ya'lamooo **annal**-laaha Huwa ya-balut-tawbata 'an 'ibaadihee wa ya-khuzus-şadaqaati wa **annal**-laaha Huwat-Tawwaabur-Raheem.

105. Wa quli'-maloo fasayarallaahu 'amalakum wa Rasooluhoo walmu'mineon; wa saturaddoona ilaa 'Aalimil-Ghaybi washshahaadati fay-nabb'i ukum **bimaa** kuntum ta'maloon.

106. Wa aakharoona murjawna li-amril-laahi **immaa** yu'-az-zibuhum wa **immaa** yatoobu 'alayhim; wallaahu 'Aleemun Hakeem.

107. Wallazeenat-takhaزو masjidan diraarañw-wa kufrañw-wa tafreeqam baynal-mu'mineena wa irşaadal-liman haarabal-laaha wa Rasoolahoo **min qabl**; wa layahli funna in araqhaaa illal-husnaa wallaahu yashhadu **innahum lakaaziboon**.

108. Laa taqum feehi abadaa; lamasjidun ussisa 'alat-taqwaa min awвали yawmin ahaqqu **an taqooma** feeh; feehi rijaaluñ-yuhibboona **añy**-yatajahharoo, wallaahu yuhibbul-muṭahhireen.

109. Afaman assasa bunyaanaahoo 'alaat-tawwaab minal-laahi wa riḍwaanin khayrun **am-man**

خُذْ مِنْ أَمْوَالِهِمْ صَدَقَةً طَهْرُهُمْ
وَشَرِكْيُهُمْ بِهَا وَصَلِّ عَلَيْهِمْ
**إِنَّ صَلَوَاتَكُمْ سَكُنٌ لَّهُمْ وَاللهُ
سَمِيعٌ عَلَيْهِمْ** ④

اللَّمْ يَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ يَقْبِلُ التَّوْبَةَ
عَنْ عِبَادَةٍ وَيَأْخُذُ الصَّدَقَةَ وَإِنَّ
اللَّهَ هُوَ التَّوَابُ الرَّحِيمُ
وَقُلْ أَعْلَمُ أَفْسِرْتَ اللَّهُ عَمَلَكُمْ وَ
رَسُولُهُ وَالْمُؤْمِنُونَ وَسَرِدونَ
إِلَى عِلْمِ الْغَيْبِ وَالشَّهَادَةِ فَيَنْتَهِ
بِمَا كُنْتُمْ تَعْمَلُونَ ④

وَآخَرُونَ مُرْجُونَ لَا مُرِّ اللَّهِ
إِنَّمَا يَعْدُ بِهِمْ وَإِنَّمَا يَتُوبُ عَلَيْهِمْ
وَاللَّهُ عَلِيمٌ حَكِيمٌ

وَالَّذِينَ اتَّخَذُوا مَسْجِدًا ضَرَارًا
وَكُفَّارًا وَتَفَرِيقًا بَيْنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
وَارْصَادًا لِمَنْ حَارَبَ اللَّهَ وَ
رَسُولَهُ مِنْ قَبْلٍ وَلَيَحْفَظُنَّ
**إِنَّ أَرْضَنَا إِلَّا الْحُسْنَى وَاللهُ
يَشَهَدُ إِنَّمَا لَكُنْدُونَ** ④

لَا تَقُمْ فِيهِ أَبَدًا مَسْجِدًا أَسَسَ عَلَى
الْتَّقْوَى مِنْ أَوْلَى يَوْمٍ أَحَقُّ أَنْ تَقُومَ
فِيهِ فِيهِ رِجَالٌ يَجْبُونَ أَنْ يَتَطَهَّرُوا
وَاللهُ يُحِبُّ الْمُطَهَّرِينَ

**أَفَمَنْ أَسَسَ بُنيَانَهُ عَلَى تَقْوَى
مِنَ اللَّهِ وَرِضْوَانٍ خَيْرٌ أَمْ مَنْ**

that lays his foundation on an undermined sand-cliff ready to crumble to pieces? And it crumbles to pieces with him, into the fire of Hell. And Allah does not guide people that do wrong.

110. The foundation of those who so build is never free from suspicion and shakiness in their hearts, until their hearts are cut to pieces. And Allah is All-Knowing, Wise.

111. Allah has purchased of the Believers their persons and their goods; for theirs (in return) is the Garden (of Paradise): they fight in His Cause, and slay and are slain: a promise binding on Him in Truth, through the Torah, the Gospel, and the Qur'an: and who is more faithful to his Covenant than Allah? Then rejoice in the bargain which you have concluded: that is the supreme achievement.

112. Those that turn (to Allah) in repentance; that serve Him, and praise Him; that wander in devotion to the Cause of Allah; that bow down and prostrate themselves in prayer; that enjoin good and forbid evil; and observe the limits set by Allah; (these do rejoice). So proclaim the glad tidings to the Believers.

113. It is not fitting, for the Prophet and those who believe, that they should pray for forgiveness for Pagans, even though they be of kin, after it is clear to them that they are companions of the Fire.

114. And Abraham prayed for his father's forgiveness only because of a promise he had made to him. But when it became clear to him that he was an enemy to Allah, he dissociated himself from him:

assasa bunyaanahoo 'ala shafaa jurufin haarin fanaara bihee fee Naari Jahannam; wallaahu laa yahdil-qawmaz-zaalimeen.

110. Laa yazaalu bunyaanu-humul-lazeen banaw reebatun fee quloobihim illaaa an taqat'a quloobuhum; wal-laahu 'Aleemun Hakeem.

111. Innal-laahash-taraa minal-mu'mineena anfusahum wa amwaalahum bi-anna lahuimul-jannah; yuqaatiloona fee sabeelillaahi fayaatuloona wa yuataloon; wa'dan 'alayhi haqqan fit-Tawraati wal Injeeli wal-Qur'aan; wa man awfaa bi'ahdihee minal-laah; fastab-shiroo bibay'i kumullazeen baaya'tum bih; wa zaalika huwal-fawzul-'azeem.

112. At-taaa'iboonal 'aabidoo-nal-haa-midoon-as-saaa'i-hoo-nar-raaki'oona-saajidoon-al-aamiroona bilma'roofi wanna-hoona 'anil-munkari wal-haa-fi-zoona lihudoodil-laah; wa bashshiril-mu'mineen.

113. Maa kaana lin-Nabiyyi wallazeena aamanooo anyastaghfiro lilmushrikeena wa law kaanooo ulee qurbaa mim ba'di maa tabayyana lahum annahum Ashaabul-jaheem.

114. Wa maa kaanastighfaaru Ibraaheema li-abeehi illaa 'am-maw'idatiñw-wa'adaha ayyaahu falammaa tabayyana lahooo annahoo 'aduw-wulillaahi tabarra-a minh;

أَسَسَ بُنْيَانَهُ عَلَى شَفَاقٍ جُرْفٍ
هَارِقًا نَّهَارِهِ فِي نَارِ جَهَنَّمْ طَوْ
اللَّهُ لَا يَهِدِ الْقَوْمَ الظَّلَمِينَ ۝
لَدَيْنَا لَنْبُنْيَاهُمُ الَّذِي بَنَوْرَبِيَّةَ
فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ إِلَّا أَنْ تَقْطَعَ قُلُوبُهُمْ
وَاللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ حَكْيَمٌ ۝

إِنَّ اللَّهَ اشْتَرَى مِنَ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ
أَنفُسَهُمْ وَآمَالَهُمْ يَا أَنَّ لَهُمْ أَجْنَاحَةَ
يُقَاتَلُونَ فِي سَبِيلِ اللَّهِ فَيُقْتَلُونَ
وَيُقْتَلُونَ تَوْجِيلًا عَلَى أَعْلَمِهِ حَقَّا فِي
الْتَّوْرِيهِ وَالْأَنْجِيلِ وَالْقُرْآنِ وَمَنْ
أَوْ فِي بَعْدِهِ مِنَ اللَّهِ فَاسْتَبَرُوا
بِلَبِيعِكُمُ الَّذِي بِأَيْمَنِهِ
ذَلِكَ هُوَ الْفَوْزُ الْعَظِيمُ ۝

الثَّابِتُونَ الْعَبِيدُونَ الْحَمْدُ لَهُ
السَّائِحُونَ الرَّكُونَ السَّاجِدُونَ
الْأَمْرُونَ بِالْمَعْرُوفِ وَالْمُهُونُ
عَنِ النَّكَرِ وَالْحَفِظُونَ لِحُدُودِ
اللَّهُ وَبَشِيرُ الْمُؤْمِنِينَ ۝

مَا كَانَ لِشَيْءٍ وَالَّذِينَ أَمْنَوْا أَنَّ
يَسْتَغْفِرُوا لِلْمُشْرِكِينَ وَلَوْكَانُوا
أُولَئِنَّى قُرْبَى مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا تَبَيَّنَ لَهُمْ
أَنَّهُمْ أَصْحَابُ الْجَحِيْمِ ۝

وَمَا كَانَ اسْتَغْفِرًا لِبَرِهِمْ لَا يُبْدِي
الْأَعْنَى مَوْعِدَةً وَعَدَهَا لِإِيَّاهُ فَكَانَ
تَبَيَّنَ لَهُ أَنَّهُ كَذَّابٌ وَلَيْهِ تَبَرَّأَ مِنْهُ ۝

for Abraham was most tender-hearted, forbearing.

115. And Allah will not mislead a people after He has guided them, in order that He may make clear to them what to fear (and avoid)- for Allah has knowledge of all things.

116. To Allah belongs the dominion of the heavens and the earth. He gives life and He takes it. Except for Him you have no protector nor helper.

117. Allah turned with favour to the Prophet, the Muhajirs, and the Ansar,- who followed him in a time of distress, after that the hearts of a part of them had nearly swerved (from duty); but He turned to them (also): for He is to them Most Kind, Most Merciful.

118. (He turned in mercy also) to the three who were left behind; (they felt guilty) to such a degree that the earth seemed constrained to them, for all its spaciousness, and their (very) souls seemed straitened to them,- and they perceived that there is no fleeing from Allah (and no refuge) but to Himself. Then He turned to them, that they might repent: for Allah is Oft-Returning, Most Merciful.

119. O you who believe! Fear Allah and be with those who are true (in word and deed).

120. It was not fitting for the people of Medina and the Bedouin Arabs of the neighbourhood, to refuse to follow Allah's Apostle, nor to prefer their own lives to his: because nothing could they suffer or do, but was reckoned to their credit as a deed of righteousness, whether they suffered thirst, or fatigue, or hunger, in the Cause of Allah, or trod paths to raise the ire of

inna Ibraheema la-awwaahun haleem.

115. Wa maa kaanal-laahu liyuqilla qawmam ba'da iz hadaahum hattaa yubayyina lahum-maa yattaqoon; innal-laaha bikulli shay'in 'Aleem.

116. Innal-laaha lahoo mulku-samaawaati wal-ardi yuhyyee wa yumeet; wa maa lakum-min doonil-laahi miñw-waliyyiñw-wa laa našeer.

117. Laqat-taabala-laahu 'alan-Nabiyyi wal-Muhaajireena wal-Ansaaril-lazeenat-taba'ooohu fee saa'atil-'usrati mim ba'di maa kaada yazeeghu quloobu fareeqim-minhum summa taaba 'alayhim; innahoo bihim Ra'oofur-Raheem.

118. Wa 'alas-salaasatil-lazeena khullifoo hattaaa izaa daaqat 'alayhimul-ardu bimaa rahubat wa daaqat 'alayhim anfusuhum wa zannooo al-laamalja-a minal-laahi illaaa ilayhi summa taaba 'alayhim liyatooobo; innal-laaha Huwt-Tawaabur-Raheem.

119. Yaaa ayyuhal-lazeena aamanut-taqul-laaha wa koonoo ma'a-saadiqeen.

120. Maa kaana li-ahlil-Madeenati wa man ḥawlahum minal-A'rabi any-yatakhallafoo 'ar-Rasoolillaahi wa laa yarghaboo bi-anfusihim 'an nafsih; zaalika bi-annahum laa yuseebuhum zamauñw-wa laa naṣabuñw-wa laa makhmaṣatun fee sabeeliillaahi wa laa yaṭa-oona mawti any-yagheeżul-

انَّ ابْرَاهِيمَ لَدَوَّاً حَلِيمٌ

وَمَا كَانَ اللَّهُ لِيُضْلِلَ قَوْمًا بَعْدَ اذْ هَدَهُمْ حَتَّىٰ يَبْيَسُنَ لَهُمْ مَا يَتَقْوَنُ

انَّ اللَّهَ بِكُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَلِيمٌ

إِنَّ اللَّهَ لَهُ مُلْكُ السَّمَاوَاتِ وَالْأَرْضِ يُحْيِي وَيُبْيِتُ وَلَهُ مِنْ دُونِ

اللَّهُ مِنْ وَلَيٍّ وَلَا نَصِيرٌ

لَقَدْ تَابَ اللَّهُ عَلَى الْبَيْتِ وَالْمَهْرَبِينَ وَالْأَنصَارِ الَّذِينَ اتَّبَعُوهُ فِي سَاعَةٍ

الْعُسْرَةِ مِنْ بَعْدِ مَا كَادَ يَنْزِيهُمْ قُلُوبٌ فَرِيقٌ مِنْهُمْ شَمَّ تَابَ عَلَيْهِمْ

انَّ اللَّهَ رَوْفٌ رَّحِيمٌ

وَعَلَى الْثَّالِثَةِ الَّذِينَ خَلَقُوا حَتَّىٰ إِذَا ضَاقَتْ عَلَيْهِمُ الْأَرْضُ بِمَا رَحِبَتْ وَضَاقَتْ عَلَيْهِمْ أَنفُسُهُمْ وَظَلَوْا أَنْ لَمَاجِأُوا مِنَ اللَّهِ إِلَّا

إِلَيْهِ شَمَّ تَابَ عَلَيْهِمْ لِيَتُوبُوا إِنَّ اللَّهَ هُوَ التَّوَابُ الرَّحِيمُ

يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا إِذَا تَقَوَّلَ اللَّهُ وَ كُونُوا مَعَ الصَّدِيقِينَ

مَا كَانَ لِأَهْلِ الْمَدِينَةِ وَمَنْ حَوْكَمُهُمْ مِنَ الْأَعْرَابِ أَنْ يَخْلُقُوا عَنْ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ وَلَا يَرْجِعُوا بِأَنفُسِهِمْ عَنْ نَفْسِهِ ذَلِكَ بِأَنَّهُمْ لَا يُصِيبُهُمْ ظَلَماً وَلَا نَصِيبَ وَلَا مَحْمَصَةَ فِي سَيِّئِ الْأَعْمَالِ وَلَا يَطْعُنُ مَوْطِئَأَ يَعْيَطُ

the Unbelievers, or received any injury whatever from an enemy: for Allah does not suffer the reward to be lost of those who do good;

121. Nor could they spend anything (for the Cause) - small or great- nor cut across a valley, but the deed is inscribed to their credit: that Allah may requite their deed with the best (possible reward).

122. Nor should the Believers all go forth together: if a contingent from every expedition remained behind, they could devote themselves to studies in religion, and admonish the people when they return to them,- that thus they (may learn) to guard themselves (against evil).

123. O you who believe! Fight the Unbelievers who gird you about, and let them find firmness in you: and know that Allah is with those who fear Him.

124. Whenever there comes down a Sura, some of them say: "Which of you has had his faith increased by it?" Yes, those who believe,- their faith is increased and they do rejoice.

125. But those in whose hearts is a disease,- it will add doubt to their doubt, and they will die in a state of Unbelief.

126. Don't they see that they are tried every year once or twice? Yet they do not turn in repentance, and they take no heed.

kuffara walaa yanaaloona min 'aduwwin naylan illaa kutiba lahum bihee 'amalum saalih; innal-laaha laa yuddee'u al-rahmuhsineen.

121. Wa laa yunfiqoon nafas-qatan sagheeratañw-wa laa kabeeratañw-wa laa yaqita'oona waadiyan illaa kutiba lahum liyaliyahumul-laahu ahsana maa kaanoo ya'maloon.

122. Wa maa kaanal mu'minoona liyanfiroo kaaaffah, falaw laa nafara min kulli firqaatin-minhum taaa'ifatulliyatafaqqahoo fiddeeni wa liyunzirroo qawmahum izaa raja'oo ilayhim la'allahum yahzaroon.

123. Yaaa ayyuhal-lazeena aamanoo qaatalul-lazeena yaloonakum minal-kuffaari walyajidoo feekum ghilzah; wa'lamoood annal-laaha ma'al-muttaqeen.

124. Wa izaa maaa unzilat Sooratun faminhum mañ-yaqoolu ayyukum zaadathu haazihee eemaanaa; fa-ammal-lazeena aamanoo fazaa-dathum eemaanañw-wa hum yastabshiroon.

125. Wa ammal-lazeena fee quloobihim maradun fazaadathum risan ilaa risihim wa maatoo wa hum kaafiroon.

126. Awala yarawna annahum yuftanoona fee kulli 'aamim marratan aw marratayni summa laa yatooboona wa laa hum yaz-zakkaroona.

الْكُفَّارُ وَلَا يَنَالُونَ مِنْ عَدْوٍ شَيْءًا
إِلَّا كُتُبٌ لَهُمْ بِهِ عِلْمٌ صَالِحَةٌ
اللَّهُ لَا يُبْطِئُ أَجْرَ الْمُحْسِنِينَ
وَلَا يُنْقُضُونَ نَفَقَةً صَغِيرَةً وَلَا
كَبِيرَةً وَلَا يُنْقَصُونَ وَادِيَّ إِلَّا
كُتُبٌ لَهُمْ لِيُجْزِيْهُمُ اللَّهُ أَحْسَنَ مَا
كَانُوا يَعْمَلُونَ

وَمَا كَانَ الْمُؤْمِنُونَ لِيُنْقُضُوا كَافِرَةً
فَلَوْلَا نَفَرَ مِنْ كُلِّ فُرْقَةٍ قَنْهُمْ
طَائِفَةٌ لِيَتَفَقَّهُوا فِي الدِّينِ
وَلَيُبَيِّنُ رُؤَا قَوْمَهُمْ إِذَا رَجَعُوا
إِلَيْهِمْ لَعْلَهُمْ يَحْذَرُونَ
يَا أَيُّهَا الَّذِينَ أَمْنَوْا ثَاتُوا
الَّذِينَ يَلْوِنُكُمْ مِنَ الْكُفَّارِ وَلَيَحْذِفُوا
فِيْكُمْ غَلَظَةٌ وَأَعْلَمُوا أَنَّ اللَّهَ
مَعَ الْمُتَّقِينَ

وَإِذَا مَا أَنْزَلْتُ سُورَةً فِيمَا مَنَّ
يَقُولُ إِلَيْكُمْ رَأَدْتُهُ هَذِهِ إِيمَانًا
فَإِنَّمَا الَّذِينَ أَمْنُوا فَزَادَتْهُمْ إِيمَانًا
وَهُمْ يَسْتَبَرُونَ
وَإِنَّمَا الَّذِينَ فِي قُلُوبِهِمْ مَرَضٌ
فَزَادَتْهُمْ رُجْسًا إِلَى رُجْسِهِمْ وَمَا تُؤْتَ
وَهُمْ كُفَّارُونَ

أَوْلَئِكُمْ أَنَّهُمْ يُفْتَنُونَ فِي كُلِّ
عَامٍ مَرَّةً أَوْ مَرَّتَيْنِ شَمَّ لَا يَتَوَبُونَ
وَلَا هُمْ يَذَكَّرُونَ

127. Whenever there comes down a Sura, they look at each other, (saying), "Does anyone see you?" Then they turn aside: Allah has turned their hearts (from the light); for they are a people that do not understand.

128. Now has come to you an Apostle from amongst yourselves: it grieves him that you should perish: he is ardently anxious over you: to the Believers he is most kind and merciful.

129. But if they turn away, say: "Allah is sufficient for me: there is no god but He: on Him is my trust, - He the Lord of the Throne (of Glory) Supreme!"

Yunus, or Jonah

In the name of Allah, Most Gracious, Most Merciful.

1. Alif-Lam-Raa. These are the Ayats of the Book of Wisdom.
2. Is it a matter of wonderment to men that We have sent Our inspiration to a man from among themselves? - that he should warn mankind (of their danger), and give the good news to the Believers that they have before their Lord, the lofty rank of Truth. (But) the Unbelievers say: "This is indeed an evident sorcerer!"

3. Verily your Lord is Allah, Who created the heavens and the earth in six days, and is firmly established on the throne (of authority), regulating and governing all things. No intercessor (can plead with Him) except after His leave (has been obtained). This is Allah your Lord; you therefore serve Him: will you not receive admonition?

4. To Him will be your return-of all of you. The promise of Allah is true and sure. It is He Who begins the process of creation, and repeats it, that He may reward with justice those who believe and work righteousness;

127. Wa izaa maaa unzilat Sooratuun nazara ba'duhum ilaa ba'd; hal yaraakum min ahadun **summan-ṣarafoo**; ṣarafal-laahu quloobahum **bi-annahum qawmul-laa yafqahoон.**

128. Laqad **jaaa'akum Rasoo-lum-min anfusikum** 'azeezun 'alayhi maa 'anittum hareesun 'alaykum **bilmu'mineena ra'oofur-raheem.**

129. Fa-in **tawallaw faqul ḥasbiyal-laahu laaa ilaaha illaa Huwa 'alayhi tawakkaltu wa Huwa Rabbul 'Arshil-'Azeem.**

YOONUS-10

Bismillaahir-Rahmaanir Raheem.

1. Alif-Laaam-Raa; tilka Aayaatul-Kitaabil-Hakeem.
2. A kaana **linnaasi 'ajaban an awhaynaaa ilaa rajulim-minhum an anzirin-naasa wa bashshiril-lazeena aamanooo anna lahum qadamaa siqin 'inda Rabbihim; qaala-kaafiroona inna haaza-a lasaahirum-mubeen.**

3. **Inna Rabbakumul-laahul-lazeen khalqaas-samaawaati wal-arda fee sitti ayyaamin-**summas-tawwa'** alal-'Arshi yudabbirul-amra maa **min shafee'in** illaa **mim ba'di iznih; zaalikumul-laahu Rabbukum fa'budooh; afalaa tazakkaroon.****

4. Ilayhi marji'uukum jamee-an wa 'dal-laahi haqqaa; **inna-hoo ya'da'ul-khalqa summa yu'ee-duhu liyali ziyaal-lazeena aamanoo wa 'amilus-ṣaalihaa**ti

وَإِذَا مَا فِي لَت سُورَة نَظَرَ بَعْضُهُمْ

إِلَى بَعْضٍ طَهْلَ يَرَكُمْ مِنْ أَحَدٍ

مِنْ انصَارَفُوا صَرَفَ اللَّهُ قُلُوبَهُمْ

بِأَنَّهُمْ قَوْمٌ لَا يَقْهُونَ

لَقَدْ جَاءَكُمْ رَسُولٌ مِنْ أَنفُسِكُمْ

عَزِيزٌ عَلَيْهِمْ مَا عَنِتُمْ حَرِيصٌ عَلَيْكُمْ

بِالْمُؤْمِنِينَ رَعُوفٌ رَّحِيمٌ

فَإِنْ تَوَلُّوْ فَقْلُ حَسِيَ اللَّهُ

لَا إِلَهَ إِلَّا هُوَ عَلَيْهِ تَوَكِّلُ

وَهُوَ رَبُّ الْعَرْشِ الْعَظِيمِ

(١٠) سُورَة يُونُس مَكِيَّةٌ (٥١)

بِسْمِ اللَّهِ الرَّحْمَنِ الرَّحِيمِ

الرَّبُّ تَلَكَ أَيْتُ الْكِتَابِ الْحَكِيمِ

أَكَانَ لِلنَّاسِ عَجَباً أَنَّ أَوْجَدَنَا

إِلَّا رَجُلٌ قَنْتُهُمْ أَنْ أَلْذِيَّ النَّاسَ

وَبَشِّرَ الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا أَنَّهُمْ قَدَّامَ

صُدُّقٌ عِنْدَ رَبِّهِمْ قَالَ الْكُفَّارُ

رَأَنَ هَذَا سِحْرٌ مَبِينٌ

إِنَّ رَبَّكُمُ اللَّهُ الَّذِي خَلَقَ السَّمَاوَاتِ

وَالْأَرْضَ فِي سَتَةِ أَيَّامٍ ثُمَّ أَسْتَوَى

عَلَى الْعَرْشِ يُدْسِرُ الْأَمْرَ مَا مَأْمَنَ

شَفِيعُ الْآصْنَافِ بَعْدَ اذْنِهِ ذَرِكُمْ

اللَّهُ رَبُّكُمْ فَاعْبُدُوهُ إِنَّا لَنَا دُرُونَ

إِلَيْهِ مَرْجِعُكُمْ جَمِيعًا وَعَدَ اللَّهُ حَقَّنَا

إِنَّمَا يَنْهَا الْحَقَّنَ ثُمَّ يُعِدُهُ لِيَجْزِي

الَّذِينَ آمَنُوا عَلَيْهِمُ الظِّلْعَ